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Established 1925

Beauty with fragrance

Perkins Bros. GARDEN CENTER

2591 Stillwater Road • SAINT PAUL 9, MINNESOTA • Phone: Spring 9-0262

GREETINGS . . .

We are happy to send you our 34th annual catalog and feel sure you will find something in it that will help you to have a more enjoyable garden. We are pleased that so many of you have taken advantage of the opportunity to visit our show gardens. Because of the installation of a sewer system in Maplewood, we lost one third of our show gardens the past year; but we are endeavoring to replace it as quickly as possible. We will have a number of new perennials on trial this summer and hope you will have the chance to see them. All are welcome to visit our nursery at any time during the growing season. If you have any questions about the plants, we will be glad to help you.

We greatly appreciate your orders and thank you for them. Charge accounts may be arranged by those with established credit. So that we do not miss sending you a new catalog each year, we ask you to register your name and address when at our nursery, at least once each year. This will help us to help you.

Sincerely,

Perkins Bros. Garden Center

AL PERKINS, Owner

SOME *New Varieties*

NEW CORAL-BELL PINK CHARM

Our own introduction, a selected seedling that has proved hardy in our nursery for several years. Pink Charm is an attractive, clean, compact and neat plant. The pleasing green leaves are slightly mottled with white and somewhat crinkled or wavy. Eighteen-inch flowering stems bear graceful sprays of many nice-sized, bell-shaped flowers of a medium tone of pink. The plant blooms freely and over a long period. **Field clumps, each \$1.00. Plants from 3-in. pots, each 65c.**

CARNATION, *Shadow Valley*

Original stock from Dropmore, Canada

A dark green-leaved, relatively hardy Carnation with clusters of beautiful bright red flowers 1½ inches across. The sweet-scented blooms are produced profusely and are borne on strong stems up to 18 inches in height. **Each 75c. Small plants, each 60c.**

HAWTHORN, *Toba*

A recent introduction from the Manitoba Experiment Station. A very hardy, small tree similar to Paul's Scarlet Thorn. The small, double white flowers age to a dark rose-pink and are followed by decorative fruit in the fall. **Potted plants, 3 to 4 ft., each \$3.00.**

RADIANT FLOWERING CRAB

Developed by the University of Minnesota. The upright-growing tree is compact and has sturdy, wide-angle crotches. It is especially suited to smaller properties. In early summer the new foliage has a bright reddish cast. The deep red flower buds, which open to deep pink single flowers of medium size, are produced in profusion annually, and are followed by bright red fruit about ½ inch in diameter. The tree is very hardy. **Potted plants, 3 to 4 ft., each \$5.50.**

CENTENNIAL APPLE CRAB

Another introduction from the University of Minnesota. The Centennial Apple Crab is a small, high-quality eating Apple, but can also be used as a decorative plant. The trees are medium in size, roundish-spreading, compact, healthy, productive and hardy. The white flowers are large and showy. Fruit ripens during late August and early September. **Potted plants, 3 to 4 ft., each \$3.25.**

See General Listings for

New Roses, New Daylilies, Double Pyrethrum, New Petunias, New Chrysanthemums, New Veronica, Mardi Lyn.

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At Our Nursery

Because of unexpected changes in the management of our nursery during the past two years, it seems best, at least for the present, to discontinue the greater part of our wholesale department and devote all of our time to serving the consumer; and we hope this will result in better service to you.

We love to try out new varieties of plants that have the appearance of being desirable for your garden. This year we will test the following perennials at our nursery: Geum, Rynstrom; Phlox, Blushing Bride, Cameo Queen, New Princess, Red Bird and Florence; Scabiosa, Deep Purplish blue; Thalictrum, Lavender Mist; a hybrid Violet, said to bloom all summer; Shasta Daisy, T. E. Killen; and the two Astilbes, Deutschland and Sentinel.

We are adding several new annuals to our list and dropping some of the less desirable varieties. We have changed the strain of Snapdragons because we believe the Colossal Strain will produce more blooms.

We hope you will give special consideration to the varieties of Mums, Roses, Perennials, Annuals and Shrubbery that have been added to our list.

Early-Blooming Garden *Chrysanthemums*

Introductions by the University of Minnesota

These early-blooming varieties have never failed to bloom at our nursery and are especially adapted to regions where early frosts occur. Many colors are available, and all are suitable for cutting for home use.

2 Beautiful New Varieties for 1959

Tonka. (Minn. No. 54-44-2.) 20 in. A large-flowered (3½-inch), fully double, deep yellow variety. The flowers and clean, rich green foliage are borne on stiff stems. The plant has a spread up to 30 inches and begins blooming in early September. Good for cutting.

Prairie Moon. (Minn. No. 54-128-81.) 24 in. Large (4 inches), creamy white, double flowers suitable for cutting. The prolific-blooming, willowy plant has clean foliage and presents a neat appearance throughout the season. Starts blooming in early September.

Plants from 3-in. pots, each 65c.; any 3 for \$1.85, postpaid

On mail orders amounting to less than \$4.00, please add 50c. to help cover the extra cost of handling small orders

PREVIOUS INTRODUCTIONS BY THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

Plants from 2½-in. pots., each 40c.; 3 for \$1.10; 6 for \$2.00.

On mail orders amounting to less than \$4.00, please add 50c. to help cover the extra cost of handling small orders.

Potted plants available in spring only.

Chippewa. 20 in. Bushy plant with many stems. Flowers aster-purple, 2¾ inches across, in large clusters; semi-double to double, aster-like and incurved. Good for cutting. Early to midseason.

Dr. Longley. 20 to 24 in. Plant upright, of medium height; flowers largely borne singly on rather long stems, making it desirable for cut flowers. Very floriferous. Color is amaranth-pink to rose-pink. Flowers are large, 2½ to 3 inches or more, full double. Blooms from early September until killing frosts.

Golden Fantasy. (No. 49-9-1.) A sturdy, upright plant about 8 inches high and 15 to 18 inches across. The clean, rich green foliage is topped by 2-inch, golden flowers. They have tubular petals that are both flared and forked at the tips, giving a unique fringed effect. Flowering starts in early September and continues until killing frosts.

Minnehaha. (Minn. No. 50-60-2.) 20 in. Medium tall, upright, bushy plant having salmon-colored, rose-tinted, fully double flowers, 2½ inches in diameter. By the end of September the plant is completely covered with blooms. Useful for bouquets.

Minnpink. (No. 53-217-1.) A low, wide-spreading, cushion type of garden Chrysanthemum. The vigorous plant reaches a width of 2 feet or more and a height of 12 inches when grown in full sun. The clean, fine-textured foliage and sturdy stems combine to make an attractive plant throughout the growing season. The foliage is completely hidden by the mass of very double, rose-pink blooms which average 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. Blooming begins about mid-August and reaches a peak in September, continuing until hard frost. A gem.

Minnbronze. (No. 52-31-3.) A very low, compact, cushion-type plant having vivid bronze blooms. Plant height is approximately 9 to 12 inches and the spread from 12 to 16 inches. The numerous double flowers are 1½ inches in diameter and completely cover the plant. Blossoming begins in September, continuing until killing frosts. A delightful plant for the edge of the border.

Prairie Sunset. 18 to 24 in. A medium tall, upright, sturdy plant bearing an abundant crop of very double, bright rose-pink flowers having gold-tipped petals in the center. The flowers, borne in clusters, are from 2 to 2½ inches in diameter. It is in good bloom early in September. The plant will withstand strong winds and hard rains. Suitable for cutting.

Princess. (Minn. No. 53-327-2.) 15 to 18 in. Flowers double, 2 inches across. The color is old-rose with gold-tipped petals which are split at the ends. Blooming starts in August, continuing in good condition until freezing weather. A vigorous-growing, high mound type of plant.



Hardy Chrysanthemums

Previous Introductions by the
University of Minnesota, continued

Vulcan. 18 in. Rosy red flowers, 2½ to 3 inches in diameter. Plant spread of 18 to 24 inches. Very disease resistant in our trials. An early bloomer. Highly recommended.

Wanda. 15 to 18 in. A vigorous-growing, very early-flowering variety, producing a prolific display of 2½ to 3-inch, raspberry-colored blooms. With age the flowers change to a pleasing lighter pink color. Usually begins to bloom in early August.

Wenonah. 18 in. Sturdy, upright plant bearing an abundance of double, lavender-pink flowers, 2½ inches across. They are borne on long stems suitable for cutting. Quite free from disease. Blooming begins early in August and continues until killing frost. Our earliest bloomer.

More Early Mums for Your Consideration

Plants from 2½-in. pots, each 40c.; 3 for \$1.10; 6 for \$2.00, postpaid.

On mail orders for plants amounting to less than \$4.00, please add 50c. to help cover the extra cost of handling small orders.

Potted plants available in spring only.

Adorable. 20 in. A large-flowered, double Chrysanthemum of a delightful clear rose-pink color, with salmon reverse. An early, pleasing variety. September blooming.

Autumn Beauty. 15 in. Cushion type. The 3-inch flowers, borne in profusion, are reddish chestnut.

Bronze Giant. 30 in. Many beautiful yellow-bronze flowers, up to 5 inches in diameter, produced in profusion and good for cutting. Plant upright. September.

Charles Nye. 2½ ft. Plant medium height; deep green foliage. Large, 3-inch, fully double, rounded flowers of rich buttercup-yellow are borne in clusters. Late September.

Chris Columbus. 30 in. The yellow buds open to medium-sized, fully double, white pompons with a tint of yellow in the center. Stems long and sturdy. Especially good for cutting. Said to be super hardy. We would class it as late.

Delight. 26 in. Large, perfect flowers of golden yellow. Excellent plant and foliage. Flowers in September.

Ermine. 30 in. Pure white, double blooms with a yellow tinge in the center. Plant tall, upright and sturdy. Excellent for cutting.

Early Kathleen. 26 in. Double, coppery bronze flowers in early September. Fine for cutting.

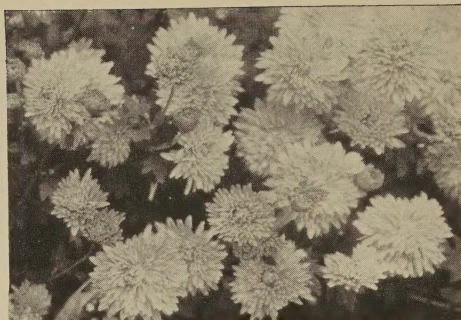
George Luxton. 30 in. Plant upright, with beautiful soft bronze blooms 3½ inches across. A choice variety. Good for cutting.

Glorymum. 15 in. Beautiful pure white blooms with narrow petals. Cushion type. Good.

Golden Mound. 18 in. An excellent golden yellow cushion Mum bearing an abundance of well-formed flowers 2 inches in diameter and fully double.

Mahogany Cushion. 20 in. A good red-bronze of the cushion type with blooms from 2 to 2½ inches in diameter.

New Paper White. 16 in. An improved selection from the old Paper White. Clear white, double flowers in great profusion. Plant vigorous.



CHRYSANTHEMUM, PRAIRIE SUNSET



CHRYSANTHEMUM, CHIPPEWA

Olive Longland. The double flowers, with petals slightly incurved, are a pleasing apricot toned salmon-pink. Blooms large. September.

Orchid Helen. 18 in. Double, orchid-pink flowers of medium size. The plant is sturdy and of the cushion type.

Red George Luxton. Flowers more red than in George Luxton.

Rouge Cushion. 15 in. A superior, intense red, double-flowered cushion Mum. Holds its color well. A very free and early bloomer. Mature flowers may show a small yellow center.

White Cloud. 26 in. Large, feathery, pure white blooms on a strong plant.

MUM CULTURE

Soil:

Any good garden soil.
Well prepared.
Well fertilized.

Plenty of sunshine.

Planting:

Best time, May 15 to June 1.
Distance apart, 18 inches to 2 feet.

Pinching:

Best time, about June 15.
Where? Cut off the top of the plant between the fourth and fifth leaves from the ground.

Plenty of water.

Freedom from weeds.

Spraying (not always necessary):

For aphids use Black-leaf 40.
For disease on leaves use Orthocide.

RESULTS: Beautiful Flowers!

Perkins' "Easy to Grow"

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GARDEN ROSES

Available in spring only

Anyone can grow Roses. Select a warm, sunny, well-drained place, protected from strong winds. Roses generally do best in the heavier soils, but loams are quite suitable. Humus, such as compost, leaf mold and peat, in the soil is desirable. Use well-rotted manure or commercial fertilizers when necessary. A clean mulch, which does not detract from the appearance of your garden, will help to keep a good supply of moisture.

Dusting the plants every ten days with a mixture of 9 parts dusting sulphur and 1 part arsenate of lead or one of the commercial Rose dusts will help to keep the foliage free from disease and chewing insects. If you prefer to use a liquid spray, there are many brands on the market. If troubled with aphids, spray with a nicotine solution, following the instructions on the container. Since spraying is a preventive rather than a cure, it should be started before any disease appears.

PLANTING POTTED ROSES

Planting our potted Roses is very easy. Some of the advantages of using our potted Roses are: (1) you can see the plant growing before you buy it; (2) all the tedious work of trimming and caring for a dormant plant has been done for you; (3) they can be planted without a serious setback; (4) they will not need any shading or special care when planted; (5) they save you much time and worry; (6) your Rose garden is quickly and easily established.


When you are ready to plant (potted plants can be kept for some time), dig a hole a little larger than the pot and deep enough so that the graft will be at least 3 inches below the surface of the ground. This deeper planting is a special recommendation for Minnesota conditions, as a help in preventing winterkilling. After the hole is dug, cut or tear the paper pot down the side and it will easily slip off, leaving a nice ball of earth around the roots. Do not break the ball of earth, but carefully set it in the hole and fill in the empty space with good rich soil. Pack quite firm, and give the plant a good watering.


NOTE: Potted Roses cannot be sent by mail but are sent by express, charges collect; and due to present high express rates, we recommend that not less than 3 plants be ordered for shipping.

Quantity Prices on all Roses: From total price of any 3 deduct 25c.; any 5, deduct 50c.; any 10, deduct \$1.25.

Hybrid Tea Roses

Burnaby. Plant Pat. 1314. Large, classic blooms of glorious empire yellow on long stems. Has a delicate fragrance and lasts well as a cut flower. Burnaby has been rated as a 9.5 Rose by the American Rose Society. Potted plants, each \$3.00.


 **Charlotte Armstrong.** Plant Pat. 455. Long, slender, cerise buds. Long-lasting flowers, cerise in hot weather and spectrum-red in cool weather, 3 to 4 inches in diameter. Fragrant. Foliage leathery, deep green and resistant to mildew. Potted plants, each \$2.75.


 **Chrysler Imperial.** Plant Pat. 1167. Long, tapering, maroon-red buds opening to large, crimson-red, fragrant flowers with 40 to 50 petals. Plant sturdy and healthy. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Confidence. Plant Pat. 1192. A beautiful pastel bluish-pink. Large, exhibition-type flower. A strong grower and a prolific bloomer. Potted plants, each \$2.75.

Countess Vandal. Bud orange-copper. Flowers pink with yellow base. Foliage leathery. Potted plants, each \$1.75.


Crimson Glory. Buds long pointed. The large, double (30 petals), deep velvety crimson flowers are very fragrant and long lasting. Considered by many as the best red Rose. Potted plants, each \$1.75.

 **Forty-niner.** Plant Pat. 792. A bicolor combination with outside of petals a golden straw color and inside vivid red. The buds unfold into a high-centered, open flower showing mostly its dazzling red color. Potted plants, each \$2.75.

 **Fred Howard.** Plant Pat. 1006. Large, 50-petaled, bronze-yellow flowers edged with pink on a big, vigorous, tall plant. Free blooming and long lasting. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

Golden Scepter. Plant Pat. 910. The attractive slender buds open to non-fading, golden yellow blooms with slightly ruffled petals. The flowers tend to come in clusters. The graceful plant is 3 feet tall and is a profuse bloomer. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

Happiness. Plant Pat. 911. Very full, exquisite flowers with high centers, brilliant crimson-carmine or royal rose-red. The petals are heavy and firm. Excellent for cutting. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

 **Helen Traubel.** Plant Pat. 1028. Long-pointed buds and exquisite open flowers varying from peach to luminous apricot. Fragrant. Vigorous; free blooming. Potted plants, each \$3.25.

Isobel Harkness. Plant Pat. 1650. A 1958 introduction. Long tapering buds and graceful open yellow flowers. Handsome foliage; plant vigorous. Potted plants, each \$3.25.

Kordes Perfecta. Plant Pat. 1604. A flashing new color. Cream-white buds edged carmine, which color spreads throughout as the flowers open to a combination of pink, white and yellow. A vigorous, disease-free plant. Potted plants, each \$4.00.

La Jolla. Plant Pat. 1103. A multicolored Rose in soft pastel tints of light pink, gold and cream. The vigorous, upright-growing plant is slightly larger than average. It is free blooming and has attractive, shiny green leaves. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Love Song. Plant Pat. 1360. The large, shapely, long-pointed buds unfold to very double, fragrant blooms of magnificent size. Petals of superb color tones, rich watermelon-pink and brilliant yellow, with vivid yellow reverse. Sometimes there are nearly 100 petals in one flower. The big, strong plant is free blooming. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Hybrid Tea Roses

Potted Plants not mailable

Lowell Thomas. Plant Pat. 595. Beautifully shaped buds opening to clear chrome-yellow, 35-petaled blooms that are long lasting. The fragrant, 4-inch blooms are borne on strong stems. A strong, upright grower. Potted plants, each \$2.75.

Mirandy. Plant Pat. 632. Long-pointed, red buds and maroon-red blooms of good substance. Very double (50 petals); fragrant. Plants 2½ feet high, strong with heavy stems; flowers freely. Potted plants each \$2.75.

Mojave (Mo-ha-vee). Plant Pat. 1176. Radiant orange blended with salmon and apricot. Fragrant. Long, tapering buds. Plant grows upright, with flowers carried singly on good stems. Free blooming. Potted plants, each \$3.25.

New Yorker. Plant Pat. 823. Velvety, unfading scarlet, high-centered blooms, fully petaled and fragrant. The plant is vigorous and an upright grower. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Nocturne. Plant Pat. 713. Beautiful long-pointed, dark red buds. Flowers cardinal-red to crimson with 25 wavy petals. Fragrant. Bush is a strong, upright grower. Potted plants, each \$2.75.

Oregon Centennial. P.A.F. A tall, vigorous Rose, bearing large, 30-petaled, deep red-rose flowers, which seem to glow with an inner luminescence. Fragrance is strong and sweet. Good continuity of bloom. Potted plants, each \$3.50.

Peace. Plant Pat. 591. One of the best and most beautiful Roses. The large, ovoid buds are yellow, edged with pink. Extra-large, fully double blooms of cream-yellow with a delicate flush of pink. Plants very vigorous; foliage shiny dark green. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Pink Favorite. Plant Pat. 1523. The long-pointed buds open to rich pink blooms 3 to 4 inches across. The large, leathery foliage is exceedingly resistant to disease. The bush reaches a height of 3 feet and bears in moderate abundance. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Sterling Silver. Plant Pat. 1433. Silver-lavender flowers, 4 to 5 inches across, with sweet fragrance. Medium tall plant, vigorous and free blooming. Potted plants, each \$3.50.

Sutter's Gold. Plant Pat. 885. Long-pointed, bright yellow buds shaded with orange and red, opening to clear yellow flowers with up to 30 petals. More fragrant than any other yellow Rose. Bush vigorous and free blooming. Potted plants, each \$2.75.

The Duke. Plant Pat. 1522. A stunning bicolor of rich carmine-red sprayed with gold beneath the petals. The large, 50 to 60-petaled bloom is 5 to 6 inches across. The bush is medium tall and bears 3 to 15 flowers per stem. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Tiffany. Plant Pat. 1304. The lovely phlox-pink buds are everything a Rosebud should be. The high-centered, pink and gold flowers have 30 to 40 petals of heavy texture and are noted for their fine fragrance. Blooms well all season. Plant 3 to 4 feet tall, with strong stems and beautiful green foliage. Truly a Rose that will not fail to please you. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Twilight. Plant Pat. 1434. The inside of the petals is lavender-lilac, the outside silvery. The pointed buds open to high-centered flowers with tea fragrance. Plant 2 feet tall. Potted plants, each \$3.25.

Virgo. Pure white, high-centered flowers of good substance. Fragrant. Dark leathery foliage. Potted plants, each \$1.75.

White Knight. Plant Pat. 1359. All-America Award for 1958. Long-pointed buds open to pure white, double flowers. Strong, upright grower with good foliage. Potted plants, each \$3.50.

Grandiflora Roses

Grandiflora Roses are the result of combining the abundant flowering habit and rugged disease resistance of the Floribunda Rose with the size, form and quality of the Hybrid Tea. They cluster more than the Hybrid Teas, and the blooms are larger than the average Floribunda.

Buccaneer. Plant Pat. 1119. This tall, dark green Rose bush, growing to a height of 5 feet or more, is excellent for the back of the Rose garden. The long, sleek buds open to 30-petaled, sunshiny yellow, cupped blooms with a sweet fragrance. Plant vigorous. Excellent for cutting. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Carrousel. Plant Pat. 1066. One of the best new Roses. The large, 20-petaled flowers are non-fading dark red. The vigorous, upright, bushy plants grow about 3 feet tall and bloom abundantly. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

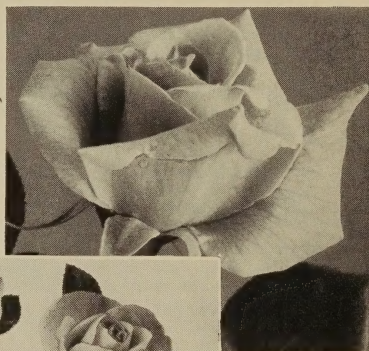
Dean Collins. Plant Pat. 1279. The orange-red buds unfold to large, fully double, long-lasting blooms of luminous rose-opal and carmine. Plant vigorous. Good for cutting. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

Montezuma. Plant Pat. 1383. A new Grandiflora Rose with high-centered, coppery red flowers. The buds are long tapering. The plant has large, handsome foliage and is tall growing, vigorous and free blooming. Potted plants, each \$3.25.

Queen Elizabeth. Plant Pat. 1259. The high-centered, orchid-pink flowers are borne on long, almost thornless stems, both singly and in clusters. Lasts well as a cut flower. You will make no mistake in trying this Rose. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Roundelay. Plant Pat. 1280. The deep red buds open to long-lasting, vivid glowing red blooms. Extremely vigorous. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Starfire. Plant Pat. 1742. All-America Award for 1959. Glowing currant-red, high-centered blooms, distinctive and non-fading. Bronzy green foliage. Plant vigorous, blooming abundantly. Excellent for cutting. Potted plants, each \$4.00.



ROSE
MOJAVE



ROSE
QUEEN
ELIZABETH

CONTINUOUS- BLOOMING

Floribunda Roses

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Floribunda Roses could be called Cluster Roses. They are noted for their permanence and continuity of bloom. They are exceptionally hardy and very easy to grow—a good type for the beginning Rose grower to use. Flowers are of medium size and vary from single to fully double. The color range is large. Average height 2 to 2½ feet. Plant them 15 to 18 inches apart.

Floribundas are superb for mass color effect and should be planted in groups of 3 or more for best results. They may be used in informal groups and beds or as a hedge. They make a fine show when planted in the foreground of shrub borders.

Amy Vanderbilt. Plant Pat. 1585. Purple-lilac to lavender-lilac, fragrant blooms of medium size, borne in heavy clusters. Plant bushy, about 2½ feet tall, blooming freely. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Baby Blaze. Plant Pat. 1362. Large clusters (10 to 25) of cherry-red flowers on a stem, blooming continuously. Plant medium height. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

Bellina. P.A.F. Clusters of delightful peach-pink flowers with yellow undertones. The small buds are very attractive in form and color. They open into high-centered flowers, about 2½ inches in diameter, that average about 45 petals each. Plant is low and compact and especially adapted for low borders. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Betty Prior. A cheery, free-blooming, single pink Rose, especially suitable for mixing with shrubbery. The plant is seldom without flowers and is medium to high growing. Can be used for cutting. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Circus. Plant Pat. 1382. An All-America Winner, and the first multicolored Floribunda Rose to win this award. The red and yellow, urn-shaped buds unfold into high-centered flowers with ever-changing colors, orange, cream, gold, apple-blossom-pink and red. The slightly fragrant blooms have lasting substance and are suitable for cutting. The plant is medium low and compact. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Curly Pink. Plant Pat. 842. A sub-zero Rose of the Floribunda type. Each stem produces from two to five huge, two-tone, lovely pink blossoms, each having 50 or more gracefully recurved petals. Plant disease resistant. Potted plants, each \$2.25.

Else Poulsen. Medium-sized, semi-double, rose-pink flowers. Blooms from summer to late fall. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Fashion. Plant Pat. 789. Pointed buds and semi-double flowers of coral-pink suffused with gold. The plant is vigorous and bushy, producing a constant mass of continuous bloom throughout the season. Blooms fragrant and long lasting. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

Floradora. Exquisitely formed buds suitable for cutting. Each one opens slowly to a fully double, orange-scarlet, 2-in h flower resembling a little camellia. Plant tall (3 to 4 feet) and vigorous. Potted plants, each \$1.75.

Frensham. A popular English Floribunda Rose. The vigorous, healthy, rich green plant produces an abundance of crimson-red, double flowers. Potted plants, each \$1.75.

Fusilier. Plant Pat. 1709. All-America Award for 1958. The flat, wavy, 3 to 3½-inch blooms of rich brilliant scarlet are borne in heavy clusters. Plant bushy, of medium height, with dark glossy green foliage. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Garnette. Perfectly formed buds and open flowers of garnet-red. Good foliage. Potted plants, each \$1.75.



ROSE, GOLDILOCKS

Gold Cup. Plant Pat. 1683. All-America Award for 1958. Large, golden yellow, non-fading flowers with a sweet Rose fragrance. Plant 2½ feet tall. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Goldilocks. Plant Pat. 672. Masses of ovoid-shaped buds that open slowly and gracefully into rich, double, golden yellow flowers 3½ inches in diameter and having about 45 petals. Bush grows 2½ feet tall or more. Potted plants, each \$2.25.

Ivory Fashion. Plant Pat. 1688. All-America Award for 1959. Long slender buds open to large, 4-inch, ivory-colored flowers. Fragrant. Potted plants, each \$3.25.

Jiminy Cricket. Plant Pat. 1346. A vigorous plant bearing many tangerine-red buds, opening to coral-orange flowers with 20 petals. Young foliage is shiny bronze, changing to glossy green. Pleasing fragrance. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

Ma Perkins. Plant Pat. 1143. Salmon-pink. 3½-inch flowers with 25 petals and honey fragrance. The bushy plant grows to a height of 2½ feet, is quite resistant to disease and will thrive under difficult conditions. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

Pink Garnette. Plant Pat. 1120. Similar to Garnette but with deep pink blooms. Potted plants, each \$2.25.

Pinocchio. Plant Pat. 484. Large clusters of perfect little Roses, in shades of salmon flushed with gold. 30 petals. Foliage leathery. Potted plants, each \$2.25.

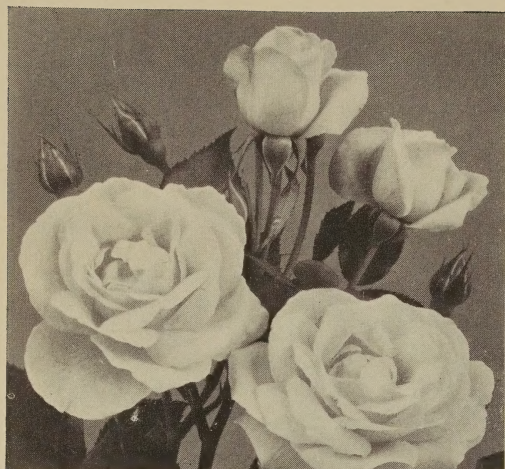
Red Pinocchio. Plant Pat. 812. Flowers velvety red, in clusters. Bush vigorous. Potted plants, each \$2.75.

Siren. Plant Pat. 1197. The blooms of brilliant fiery scarlet sparkle like precious rubies. The flower is 3½ inches in diameter, with ruffled petals, and does not fade. Suitable for cutting. Potted plants, each \$2.25.

Spartan. Plant Pat. 1357. Burnt-orange buds opening to reddish coral, with sweet fragrance. The 3 to 4-foot plant is robust and well formed. Potted plants, each \$3.25.

Starlet. Plant Pat. 1694. Low-growing, free-blooming plants with clear bright yellow blooms. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Texan. Plant Pat. 1471. Rose Texan is the result of a cross between Peace and Improved Lafayette. The vigorous plant bears large, fiery red blooms. Potted plants, each \$3.00.



ROSE, MA PERKINS

FLORIBUNDA ROSES, continued

Tom Tom. Plant Pat. 1671. Blooms of dusky rose-pink, on bushy, uniform plants. New growth and foliage a beautiful shade of dark red. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Vogue. Plant Pat. 926. Flame-red buds, long, slender and flared at the tip. The 16-petaled, fragrant flowers of deep rich coral-pink are borne in clusters of from 3 to 10. Plant reaches 3 feet in height, is spreading and vigorous. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

White Bouquet. Plant Pat. 1415. An enchanting white Rose with gardenia-like blooms 4 to 5 inches across. It has spicy fragrance. The shiny, dark green foliage is quite disease resistant. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

World's Fair. Large clusters of velvety, rich scarlet flowers with 18 to 20 petals. Potted plants, each \$1.75.

Climbing Roses

Blaze. Clusters of medium size, semi-double, flaming scarlet blooms. Foliage large, dark green and leathery. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Blossomtime. Plant Pat. 1240. A very free-blooming, pink climbing Rose. Blooms are of Hybrid Tea perfection. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Golden Showers. Plant Pat. 1557. Beautiful, exquisitely formed, daffodil-yellow flowers in abundance, and each is from 4 to 5 inches across. Buds are long pointed. Suitable for cutting. Potted plants, each \$3.25.

Inspiration. Produces successive bursts of bloom from June through October after the plants get a good start. Large, semi-double, fragrant pink blooms; glossy foliage. Moderate in size. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

New Dawn. One of the hardiest climbers. Flowers blush-pink and fragrant. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Paul's Scarlet. An ever-popular red climbing Rose. The semi-double, scarlet-red flowers are produced in clusters of 5 to 10. A strong grower. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

White Dawn. Medium size, double, fragrant blooms. Plant vigorous, with glossy foliage. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Shrub Roses

These are particularly valuable on account of their hardiness, healthiness and ability to thrive under adverse conditions of soil and climate. Suitable for shrubberies or hedges. When pruning, cut out the old and surplus canes and shorten the new ones to about 4 feet.

Agnes. 6 ft. Coppery yellow buds, becoming pale amber-gold. Fragrant. A free bloomer. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

F. J. Grootendorst. Bright red, fringed flowers in large clusters throughout the growing season. Plant grows 4 feet high and is vigorous and hardy. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Hansa. Double, violet-red flowers of large size, freely produced on strong plants. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Harison's Yellow. A very hardy Shrub Rose bearing semi-double, bright yellow flowers, which are moderately fragrant. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Lillian Gibson. 5 ft. Three-inch, double, salmon-pink flowers in large clusters. Winter canes brilliant red. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Pink Grootendorst. Clusters of small, fringed, light shell-pink blossoms the entire flowering season. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Sarah Van Fleet. Buds and flowers vivid rose-pink. Fragrant. Blooms all summer. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Sir Thomas Lipton. 6 to 8 ft. Snow-white flowers of good quality. Blooms all season. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Any 3 of the above (\$6.00 value) for \$5.50

Aids in Growing Better Roses

To help you grow better and finer Roses we have

Rose Dust
Rose Sprays (liquid)
Rose Fertilizers
Mulching Material

Winter Protection of Roses

In the fall the branches of bush Roses may be cut back to about 2 feet in height before covering for winter. The tips of Rose branches are nearly always winter-killed, and if the branches are cut back too low there will be no live wood from which new growth can start. (If you wish to cut your Roses back to 8 inches, do it in the spring.)

After November 1 hill up the lower stem of the Rose plant about a foot high with soil or a mixture of sawdust and shavings, or some other material that will not attract mice. Then spread clean marsh hay over the Rose bed.

Climbing Roses should generally be removed from the trellis, laid on the ground and covered with soil, followed by a layer of clean hay.



ROSE, WHITE BOUQUET

Perkins' Perennials . . .

For Lasting Garden Pictures

PERKINS
PLANTS
LEASE

You will enjoy growing perennials. They tend to live from year to year, and each spring when the tender shoots push their way through the ground after their winter rest, they hold forth a glorious promise of living beauty.

Besides adding permanency to your planting and reducing the amount of necessary spring planting, perennials will do much for your garden.

Does your perennial border need some changes to keep it interesting? Then try some of the lovely, less-known varieties such as the beautiful dark red carnation, Shadow Valley from Canada; the shrub-like, blue-flowering Clematis Davidiana, which also has interesting fluffy seed pods for winter bouquets; our new Coral-Bell Pink Charm, which blooms for a long period; the unusual blue and white-flowered Aconite napellus; the low-growing, soft gray-foliaged Artemisia Stelleriana; the new dwarf grayish-leaved Veronica Mardi Lyn with numerous spikes of blue flowers (good for edging); the fully double Painted Daisy Helen; the free-blooming, large-flowered white Scabiosa; Funkia Honeybells with its large, trumpet-shaped, lavender-lilac flowers; the free-flowering Violas, Vixen (cream colored) and Eileen (purple flowers); the fully double Shasta Daisy Aglaya; the extremely showy Creeping Phlox Mesalusa, with rosy flowers. The red-leaved Ajuga alternated with Artemisia Silver Mound will make a striking edging for your garden. Be sure to get some of our vigorous perennials for your greater garden pleasure.

Unless noted otherwise, all perennials are large size, No. 1 grade

QUANTITY PRICES ON PERENNIALS

50c. plants: 3 of one variety for \$1.35

60c. plants: 3 of one variety for \$1.65

65c. plants: 3 of one variety for \$1.80

75c. plants: 3 of one variety for \$2.00

\$1.00 plants: 3 of one variety for \$2.75

Achillea (Yarrow)

Parker's Variety. 2 ft. July to frost. Large heads of golden yellow flowers on long stems. Good for cutting and drying. Each 60c.

Ptarmica, Angel's Breath. 20 inches high with a spread of 2 feet. The pure white, feverfew-like flowers are fully double, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in diameter and are produced in great abundance over a long period. A good cut flower. Hardy. Each 60c.

Taggetea. 18 in. A good plant for hot, dry places. Pale yellow, flat-headed blooms on 18-inch stems from June until September. Good for cutting. Each 65c.

Aconitum (Monkshood)

Fischeri. 2 to 3 ft. Sept. Spikes of showy blue flowers shaped like a monk's hood. Prefers a rich soil and some shade. Needs winter protection. The first season the plants do not attain full perfection. They should be left undisturbed as long as possible. Each 75c.

Napellus bicolor. 2 to 3 ft. July-Aug. Medium-sized, blue and white flowers. Each 75c.

Aegopodium (Bishops-Weed or Goutweed)

Podagraria variegatum. 1 ft. An attractive foliage plant. Leaves twice compound, each leaflet having an irregular white edge. Excellent for a ground cover or edging. Prefers partial shade. Clumps, each 50c. One-eye divisions, per 100, \$8.00.

Agrostemma (Rose Campion)

Coronaria atrosanguinea. 2 ft. A cluster of soft, furry, silvery white leaves from which arise 2-foot, silvery stems bearing numerous blood-red flowers. Useful for creating foliage contrasts. Plant near the edge of the border. Small plants, each 35c.

Ajuga (Bugle)

Metallica crispa. 4 to 5 in. Use as a ground cover in full sun, the rockery or as an edging. Reddish purple foliage; blue flowers. Rapid grower. Each 65c.

Alyssum (Basket-of-Gold)

Argenteum. 1 ft. Erect, much-branched, densely bushy plants with silver leaves, filled with citron-yellow flowers. Something different. Each 60c.

Anchusa (Alkanet)

Dropmore Variety. 3 to 5 ft. Blooms in early summer and later, if first flowers are cut as soon as wilted. Foliage rough and hairy, slightly gray. Flowers rich gentian-blue, in loose panicles. A coarse-appearing plant but fine in masses or as a border. Does best in partial shade. Each 50c. Small plants, each 35c.

Myosotidiflora. 15 in. Early spring. A dwarf form from Russia. Clusters of large, dark green, heart-shaped leaves and attractive bright blue, forget-me-not-like flowers. Will withstand shade. An interesting plant, but not well known. Each 65c.

Aquilegia (Columbine)

Columbines, often miscalled Honeysuckle, are grown for their profusion of showy flowers in early summer. They are of easy culture, and the color range of the flowers is unlimited, varying from one solid tone to almost every imaginable combination of colors and hues. You may have your choice of long or short spurs, or even spurless varieties. A light sandy soil, good drainage and full sun are preferable, although the more vigorous varieties will withstand half-shade.

Akitensis. 15 in. Large, blue and white flowers. Heavy, bluish green foliage. Rare. Each 75c.

Clematiflora. 3 ft. A spurless Columbine—something different for the garden. Mixed colors. Each 60c.

Longissima. 3 ft. Yellow flowers with extra-long spurs. Each 65c.

Longissima Hybrids. 3 ft. Similar to Longissima in habit. Mixed colors. Each 65c.

McKana Hybrids. 3 ft. An outstanding strain of Columbine. Large flowers with long spurs in a beautiful range of color. Plants strong and bushy. Each 70c.

Mrs. Nichols. 3 ft. An English strain bearing noticeable large blue and white flowers on long stems. Each 65c.

Mrs. Scott Elliott's Hybrids. 3 ft. A refined long-spurred strain with graceful foliage and long stems. A wide range of clear colors and combinations. Our best general-purpose strain. Each 60c.

Rose Queen. 2 to 3 ft. Pink and white flowers. Each 65c.

White Queen. 2 to 3 ft. Large, pure white flowers. Each 65c.

HARDY ASTERS

Fall Blooming • • •

Summer Blooming



HARDY FALL ASTERS

Fine Fall Asters

For an Autumn Display

Clumps of these easily grown perennials, with their bright daisy-like flowers, scattered throughout your garden will prolong its gayness for weeks. Select some varieties for each position in the garden, the rear, the middle and the front. Asters are prodigious bloomers and prefer full sun and a well-drained, good garden soil.

Beechwood Challenger. 3 ft. A sturdy variety with clear red flowers enhanced by a bright yellow center disc. Very showy.

Blue Plume. 3 ft. Rich deep purple, nearly double flowers.

Cardinal. 4 ft. A very good bright purple-red Aster.

Climax. 5 ft. One of the best, with pyramidal spikes of light blue flowers. Good for cutting.

Goldflake. 15 in. Heads of deep golden yellow florets from July to September.

Janet McMullen. 30 in. Large, soft pink blooms, good for cutting.

Lavender Giant. 4 ft. Early Sept. Large lavender-blue flowers.

Peace. 3½ to 4 ft. The semi-double, pinkish lavender flowers are 2 inches across and are produced freely. An outstanding Aster.

Perry's White. 2 to 3 ft. A beautiful new white variety with large flowers. Bushy and vigorous.

Plenty. 3½ to 4 ft. A fine new hardy Aster, bearing large quantities of soft blue, semi-double flowers 2 inches in diameter.

Rose Gem. 5 ft. Origin unknown. A vigorous-growing, strikingly showy, tall rosy pink Aster. The numerous blooms are up to 1½ inches across, with yellow centers and narrow petals which give a fringed effect. Quite disease resistant.

The Dean. 3 ft. Many airy sprays of carmine-pink blooms in September.

Field clumps, each 65c.

Dwarf Oregon Aster

Violet Carpet. 8 to 10 in. A prostrate-growing plant bearing a profusion of 1-inch, violet-blue flowers with yellow centers. Excellent for late blooms in the front of the border and in the rock garden. Each 60c.

8 Recent Introductions

Compact Habit Early Free Blooming

Autumn Flowering

Alcida. 20 to 24 in. Brilliant, non-fading garnet-purple flowers completely cover the plant. A very showy plant.

Aquilla. 24 to 30 in. Soft pale blue flowers, nearly 2½ inches in diameter, practically hide the foliage.

Edwina. 2 to 3 ft. Pyramidal clusters of light violet-blue flowers cover the plant.

Eventide. 2 to 3 ft. You will love this variety. Large, deep violet-blue flowers in abundance. Very striking.

Paloma. 24 to 30 in. Blue flowers in abundance. Shows up best when planted next to a white variety.

Selma. 15 to 18 in. Pinkish flowers about 2½ inches in diameter almost hide all the foliage.

Winston Churchill. 30 in. A small-flowered, ruby-crimson Aster that attracts attention. Very showy.

Yolanda. 24 to 30 in. Pink flowers in profusion.

Field clumps, each 75c.

3 Summer-Flowering Asters

Alpellus, Triumph. 10 in. An improved variety with large blue flowers on very dwarf, compact plants. A little later than Goliath. Each 65c.

Alpinus, Goliath. 6 to 10 in. An early-blooming Aster suitable for the edge of the border or the rock garden. Large, showy blue flowers with yellow centers. Prefers sunny locations. Each 60c.

Wartburg Star. 12 to 18 in. Large lavender-blue flowers with yellow centers, borne on stiff stems in June. Each 60c.



ASTER, BEECHWOOD CHALLENGER

PERKINS' PERENNIALS

Anthemis (Yellow Daisy)

Grallagh Gold. 2½ ft. Very large, golden daisy-like flowers. The plant is in bloom most of the summer. Very hardy. Each 70c.

Moonlight. 2½ ft. A choice variety of the hardy Marguerite. Dark green foliage and beautiful light yellow, daisy-like flowers, over 2 inches in diameter. Blooms all summer. Each 60c.

Artemisia (Wormwood)

Lactiflora. 3 ft. Aug.-Sept. A tall-growing plant with finely cut foliage and heads of fragrant, creamy white flowers. Good for cutting. Each 65c.

Silver Beauty. 3 ft. A silvery gray plant used for color contrast. The slender, willow-like, silvery gray leaves are of medium texture and have a slightly woolly appearance. The long stems of gray flowers are fine for bouquets and may be dried for winter bouquets. Very hardy. Each 65c.

Silver King. 3 ft. Similar to Silver Beauty in growth and color but the leaves are more finely cut. Each 60c.

Silver Mound. 4 in. A compact, mound-like plant with bright silvery gray foliage. A contrast plant for the rock garden or front edge of the border. Prefers a sunny, dry place. Each 65c.

Stelleriana Wormwood (New)

A low-growing Wormwood imported from Canada. Beautiful, thick silvery gray leaves and stems. Useful for edging and color accents. Seems to prefer a dry position. Clumps, each 75c. Small plants 50c.

Arabis (Rock-Cress)

Alpina, Snowcap. 6 in. A low-growing plant especially suited for edging or the rock garden. Foliage is soft gray-green. In early spring the plant is covered with masses of white flowers. Can be used for cutting. Each 60c.

Alpina rosea. Similar to above. Numerous pink flowers. Each 60c.

Alpina flore pleno. A double-flowering variety with growth habits the same as the other varieties, but bearing spikes of double white flowers suitable for cutting. Small plants, each 60c.

Armeria (Sea-Pink)

Armerias prefer dry sandy soil in a sunny location.

Lauchean. A dwarf, tufted plant with grass-like leaves and bright rosy flowers all summer. We have found this variety to be quite hardy. Each 60c.

Astilbe

Deutschland. A lovely pure white variety. Plant strong and free blooming. Each 85c.

Fanal. 1 to 2 ft. Feathery spikes of fiery crimson flowers in May and June. The red-tinted foliage is attractive and good looking at all times. Prefers shade. Each 85c.

Gloria. 1 ft. A beautiful low-growing variety producing many spikes of pink flowers. Each 85c.

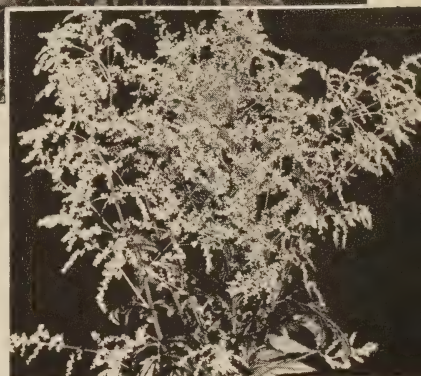
Red Sentinel. 2 ft. Rich deep garnet flowers on decorative plants with bronzy foliage. Each 95c.

Baptisia (False Indigo)

Australis. 3 to 4 ft. Spring. Forms a spreading bush with dark bluish green leaves and bears nice spikes of lupin-like, blue flowers. The seed-pods may be used for winter bouquets. Perfectly hardy. Each 60c.



ASTILBE
FANAL



ARTEMISIA
LACTIFLORA

Betonica (Betony)

Grandiflora. 2 to 3 ft. June. Dark green foliage and spikes of rosy purple flowers. Prefers a hot dry place. Each 60c.

Bocconia (Plume-Poppy)

Japonica. 6 to 7 ft. Aug. An unusual plant for the border, with large leaves and plume-like heads of creamy white flowers. Each 50c.

Boltonia (False Chamomile)

The Boltonias are 3 to 4 feet high and of easy culture, growing in any soil and even in partial shade. The head of the plant is wide spreading and bears many sprays of single, aster-like flowers in September. Earlier than the Michaelmas daisies. To maintain large flowers, divide the clump every three years or cut out some of the stems in early spring. **White.** Each 60c.

Callirhoe (Poppy-Mallow)

Involucrata. 12 in. Summer. A spreading, vine-like plant with poppy-like, crimson flowers. An unusual plant. May be only semi-hardy under severe conditions. Small plants, each 50c.

Campanula (Bellflower)

Carpatica. Harebell. 1 ft. All summer. Very prolific. The bell-shaped flowers are held erect on wiry stems. A nice plant for edging. **Blue** or **White.** Each 60c.

Rotundifolia. Bluebells of Scotland. 15 in. Charming small, graceful blue bells on slender stems. Blooms over a long period. Will do well in light shade. Each 60c.

Perennials when once established are a constant source of pleasure. We anticipate their reappearing each year with as much joy as the coming of a dear friend.

PERKINS' PERENNIALS



Spicy Carnations

Dubonnet. 15 in. A nice crimson Carnation, fully double, fragrant and of good size. Foliage gray-green. Small plants, each 40c.

Grenadin Strain. 1 ft. A garden variety of Carnation with both single and double-flowered plants. They are grown from seed and come quite true to color. The one-year-old plants we are offering have not bloomed and consequently could not be rogued. **Red, Rose, White, Cardinal-red, Yellow.** Small plants, each 35c.

Shadow Valley. See page 2.

Catananche (Cupids-Dart or Love-Plant)

Caerulea. 2 ft. Clusters of grass-like leaves from which arise many heads of pretty, deep blue flowers on long stems during July and August. Small plants, each 35c.

Centaurea (Knapweed)

Dealbata, Pink Delight. 18 in. Rose-pink flowers. Graceful, silvery leaves. Good for cutting. Small plants, each 35c.

Macrocephala. 3 to 4 ft. July-Aug. A rugged, upright-growing plant, bearing large thistle-like golden yellow flowers. May be used as cut flowers. Each 60c.

Clematis

Davidiana. 24 to 30 in. A herbaceous, shrub-like plant with sweet-scented, blue flowers. The clusters of interesting feathery seed pods are suitable for dry bouquets. An occasional application of lime to the soil is beneficial. Will withstand some shade. Dies down to the ground each fall. Potted plants, each \$1.50.

Recta. 2 to 3 ft. Another shrub-like Clematis producing in June numerous sweet-scented, white flowers in branching panicles on long, wiry branches. Fine for cutting. Potted plants, each \$1.50.

Coreopsis

Lanceolata grandiflora, Mayfield Giant. 2 to 3 ft. Large, bright yellow daisy-like flowers on long stems all summer. Each 60c. Small plants, each 35c.

Verticillata, Golden Shower. 18 in. This semi-dwarf, golden yellow Coreopsis with asparagus-like foliage is almost a continuous bloomer. Flowers 2 inches in diameter. Each 60c.

Dianthus (Pinks)

The delightful sweet-scented garden Pinks are always welcome in any garden. They like a well-drained soil and are easy to grow, giving a large number of flowers for cutting.

Deltoides. Maiden Pink. Small delicate red blooms carried above fine feathery foliage. Suitable for edging or the rock garden. Each 50c.

Double White Pink. 1 ft. A well-shaped plant with blue-green foliage. Flowers double, 2 inches in diameter, white, slightly speckled with red in the center. Very fragrant. Blooms most of the season. Each 60c.

Little Joe. 6 in. A fine free-blooming dwarf Pink with large crimson blossoms. Each 60c.

Pink Princess. 1 ft. Developed by U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. Many carnation-like, fringed, coral-rose flowers over a long period. Each 60c.

Wallace Red. 1 ft. Semi-double, brilliant crimson-red flowers on 8 to 12-inch stems. Blooms a long time. Sturdy, compact growth. Small plants, each 40c.

Winteri. A Pink of striking beauty and good form. Pure colors; fragrant. Each 50c.

Dictamnus (Gas-Plant)

The Gas-Plant makes a sturdy, bold, upright bush, 3 feet high and as much in diameter. Numerous stems of fragrant flowers are borne above the persistent dark green foliage. The blooms are suitable for cutting. The plant has a strong smell of lemon and will give a flash of light on sultry, still summer evenings when a lighted match is held under the flower clusters and near the main stem. It is a permanent feature in the border and should not be disturbed for many years. Thrives in the sun.

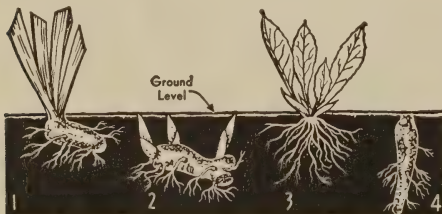
Albus. Flowers white. Each 85c.

Albus rubra. Flowers red. Each 85c.

Send in Your Order As Soon As Possible

How to Plant Perennials

Many perennials may be planted with equal success in spring or fall. Soil should be prepared in advance, with the emphasis on good drainage. Plant food and sufficient humus are necessary for best results. Nearly all perennials respond favorably if given a sunny or at least a well-lighted location.



1. Iris should be planted with rhizome (bulbous part of the root) just beneath the surface of the soil.
2. Peonies will not bloom well if planted too deep. In heavy soil plant so that the eyes are about 1 inch beneath the surface. In light loam plant from 1 to 2 inches deep.
3. All perennials that have a crown from which leaves appear in the spring should be planted with the crown just at ground level.
4. Gypsophila and other plants having a tap-root should be planted with the root straight down and the top bud of the plant just beneath the ground level but covered.

Always firm the ground when planting and water thoroughly so that plant roots and soil come in direct contact with each other, thereby preventing any possibility of air pockets beneath the surface.

There is something of interest in every plant

STATELY DELPHINIUMS . . . For Blue Color in Your Garden

Masses of tall and medium-height Delphiniums are essential for emphasis and contrast in the border. Blue is the predominating color, but in the finer hybrid strains we find glorious combinations of light blue, dark blue, violet, pink, lavender, lilac, white and black. Self-colors of violet, white and pink may be obtained. The contrasting bees or eyes add charm to the individual florets, which vary from single to double. Give them a good soil rich in humus, plenty of moisture and full sunlight, and you will be delighted with the results. All varieties are good for cutting.

Giant Pacific Hybrids

This is an American production, noted for its long spikes and huge flowers of fine texture and clear colors. The plants often reach a height of 6 to 8 feet and should be placed in the rear of the border. They are more resistant to disease than many other strains.

Astolat Series. A mixture of novel shades, with pink and rose predominating. Each flower is of good size and good quality. Clumps 80c. Small plants, each 40c.

Black Knight Series. Deep midnight-blue. Flowers of beautiful round form, with heavy velvety texture. Clumps 80c. Small plants, each 40c.

Blue Bird Series. Medium blue, white bee. Clumps 80c. Small plants, each 40c.

Blue Jay Series. Medium blue; dark bee. Clumps 80c. Small plants, each 40c.

Cameliard Series. Pure lavender with white bee. Small plants, each 40c.

Galahad Series. Clear white of enormous size. Individual flowers up to 3 inches across; heavy, glistening texture. Some dark bees. Clumps 80c. Small plants, each 40c.

Guinevere Series. Light pink-lavender with white bee. Clumps 80c. Small plants, each 40c.

King Arthur Series. Brilliant royal violet with large white bee. Small plants, each 40c.

Lancelot Series. Lilac, white bee. Clumps 80c. Small plants, each 40c.

Percival Series. White with dark bee. Clumps 80c. Small plants, each 40c.

Summer Skies Series. Clear light blue with white bee. A vigorous grower and good producer. Clumps 80c. Small plants, each 40c.

Note. Named varieties of Giant Pacific Delphiniums do not always come true to color.

Standard Delphinium Varieties

Blackmore & Langdon. 4 to 5 ft. An unsurpassed strain of English hybrid Delphiniums. Every plant produces an excellent spike of flowers. The color range is fine and the colors are clear and bright. There is a good proportion of large double and semi-double flowers. Clumps 65c.

Belladonna, Cliveden Beauty. 2 to 3 ft. An improved strain of this ever-popular light blue Delphinium. The flowers are not as large as in the hybrid strains, but the plant bears many more spikes of flowers. Field clumps, each 60c. Small plants, each 35c.

Fanny Stormonth. An improved English strain of Belladonna. Very vigorous, and a heavy bloomer. Field clumps, each 65c.

Bellamosum. Dark blue, similar to Belladonna. Field clumps, each 60c. Small plants, each 35c.

Lamartine. 2 to 3 ft. Marine-blue with white eye. Field clumps, each 60c.

Wrexham or Hollyhock Strain. A well-known English strain of hybrid Delphinium. Mixed colors. Clumps, each 60c. Small plants, each 35c.

Chinense. Chinese Delphinium. A pretty variety of medium height. Fine feathery foliage and blue or white flowers. Each 50c.

Many perennial foliage are suitable for arrangements.



DELPHINIUM

Dicentra (Bleeding-Heart)

Spectabilis. 1 to 2 ft. Spring. Bush-like hardy perennial plants with large, deeply cut foliage and long racemes of graceful pink, heart-shaped flowers. Prefers part shade. Each 90c.

Eximia. 15 in. Plumy or Fern-leaved Bleeding-Heart; also called Fringed Bleeding-Heart. Unlike the common Bleeding-Heart, the Plumy Bleeding-Heart does not die down in summer but remains fresh and vigorous from spring until frost. It produces quantities of tiny twin-spurred, rosy pink blossoms on rosy pink stems all summer. The finely cut, fern-like foliage is neat and attractive and is excellent for greens in bouquets. It is disease resistant and is not bothered with insects. One of its fine qualities is that it thrives in shade. It will also grow in full sun if protected from drying winds. Clumps, each 60c.

Bountiful. Plant Pat. 1198. A robust hybrid, resembling the Plumy Bleeding-Heart. It forms a large clump of handsome dark green foliage about 10 inches high. It has an abundance of long-stemmed fuchsia-red flowers in the spring and again in the fall. Will grow in sun or shade. Each \$1.25.

PERKINS' PERENNIALS

Digitalis (Foxglove)

Giant Shirley. 2 to 3 ft. Old-time favorites. Tall spikes of big, bell-shaped flowers in a wide range of attractive colors. Each 65c.

Echinops (Globe Thistle)

Ritro. 2 to 3 ft. Showy thistle-like plants with prickly foliage and globular heads of deep metallic-blue flowers during July. Can be dried and used as straw-flowers. Makes an interesting feature in any garden. Small plants, each 50c.

Euphorbia (Spurge)

Polychroma. 1 ft. A formal plant forming a hemispherical clump with yellow flowers in June, followed by red berries. A novelty plant. Each 75c.

Funkia (Plantain-Lily; Hosta)

For Shady Places

Glaucia. A stunning blue-leaved Plantain-Lily. Fine for shady corners and driveways. Each 75c.

Honeybells. 24 to 30 in. Aug. Lovely trumpet-shaped flowers of lavender-lilac, penciled blue. Fragrant. Each 70c.

Lanceolata. 2 ft. The common Funkia with narrow leaves and lavender flowers. Starts blooming in August. Suitable for sun or shade. Each 60c.

Large-leaved Variety. 3 ft. Similar to the above except that it has larger and broader leaves and 3-foot, tall flowering stems with big bell-shaped lavender flowers. Each 65c.

Subcordata grandiflora. 18 in. Aug. Large, oval, light green leaves; pure white, very fragrant, lily-shaped flowers. Plant in shade. Each \$1.00.

Thomas Hogg. 3 to 4 ft. Large, rich green leaves with a clear silver edging. Lavender flowers in August and September. Likes shade and moisture. Each 85c.

Variegata. 18 in. Clusters of long, wavy, green and white leaves from which arise 18-inch stems of bell-shaped, lilac-colored flowers. A delightful plant for the edge of the garden. Does best in partial shade. Each 70c.

Gaillardia (Blanket-Flower)

One of the freest blooming perennials, producing masses of red and yellow, long-stemmed flowers from June until killed by frost. Keeps well as a cut flower and is of the easiest culture, doing best in a rich sandy loam soil in full sun. A lot of gay flowers for your money.

Aurea pura. 2 ft. Pure yellow blooms. Each 60c.

Burgundy. 3 ft. Wine-red flowers on long stems. Buy several, as they come only about 60% true to color. Small plants, each 35c.

Dazzler. 2½ to 3 ft. Large golden yellow flowers; rich maroon center. Each 60c.

Goblin. 2 ft. A dwarf variety of Gaillardia. Plant vigorous, with many showy, deep red flowers with yellow border. Each 60c.

Geum (Avens)

Several clumps of Geum will help to add distinction to your garden. The neat, compact plants have an excellent foliage effect when not in bloom. Good garden soil and plenty of moisture are necessary.

Borisi. 1 ft. An evergreen species with rather prostrate foliage and branching flower stems. Bright orange-colored flowers. Each 65c.

Gypsophila (Babys-Breath)

An important cut flower. Large open sprays of tiny pure white or pink flowers having a mist-like appearance. Ideal as fillers in bouquets. May be cut and dried for winter bouquets.

Bristol Fairy. 3 ft. We recommend this choice double-flowered variety as being far superior to the common single Babys-Breath. Blooms all summer. Established plants are about 3 feet in diameter when in bloom. Each 95c. Medium size plants, each 70c.

Oldhamiana. Tangles of airy, misty light pink blossoms with white throat. Florets ¼ inch in diameter. Blooms in fall. Small plants, each 35c.

Paniculata compacta. The common small white-flowered Babys-Breath. Small plants, each 30c.

Perfecta. 30 in. A new Babys-Breath with airy sprays of pure white flowers much larger than Bristol Fairy. Excellent for cut-flower use. Each \$1.25.

Repens. A low white-flowered creeping Babys-Breath. Small plants, each 30c.

Rosy Veil. 15 in. A dwarf variety with pinkish flowers. Each 60c.

Garden Heliotrope (Valeriana officinalis)

The hardy Garden Heliotrope grows about 4 feet high and produces large heads of rose-tinted white flowers with Heliotrope fragrance. Likes a moist spot. Each 65c.

Helenium (Helen's Flower)

For Autumn Display

Chippersfield Orange. 5 ft. Aug.-Sept. Excellent plants for late summer bloom at the back of the border. The branching stems bear fine daisy-like flowers in various tints of copper and gold. Each 65c.

Heliopsis (Orange Sunflower)

Lemoine's Giant. 3 ft. A very brilliant border plant resembling a small sunflower. Bright yellow flowers, single to double, on long stems. Blooms over a very long period and makes a good display in the border. When used as a cut flower it is often best to remove most of the foliage. Each 60c.

Hibiscus (Mallow)

4 to 5 ft. Summer. Showy, shrub-like plants for the rear of the border, with large hollyhock-like flowers. They like a rich moist soil and plenty of room for best results. At our nursery we have wintered these successfully for several years. As a help in preventing winter injury, place the crown of the plant 6 inches below the surface of the ground. Hibiscus do not start growth early.

Alexander's Red. Large blooms of clear rosy red. Each 80c.

Alexander's Pink. Soft rosy pink blooms. Each 80c.

Dahlitown Orchid. White blossoms with rich orchid-red eye and orchid-lavender lines radiating from the center. Each 80c.

Fall in the Garden

The spring season is short and hectic. So get ready for it in the fall. Spade up new beds; put on the compost; clean out all weeds, grass and rubbish that harbor insects. Set out plants that are hardy enough to withstand the winter. Plant tulips, narcissus, scillas, etc. Cover your perennials and bulbs with clean marsh hay. Put all tools away.

Daylilies . . .

(HEMEROCALLIS)

Use Daylilies freely. They require little care, are very hardy and give an abundance of flowers to brighten your garden. Each variety will bloom from two to four weeks, and by selection of varieties you can have their bright flowers all summer. They will thrive on any good soil.

Aten. 38 in. Late. Large glistening nasturtium-orange flowers of good substance. Each \$2.00.

Crimson Pirate. 30 in. Pure brilliant carmine-red blooms. Each \$1.75.

Garnet Robe. 36 in. Large, velvety garnet-red flowers with a rich sheen. Each \$1.00.

Howdy. 36 in. A bicolor. Petals are yellow, and the sepals have an orchid-purple cast. Flowers of medium size. Each \$1.50.

Lady Fair. 38 in. Charming flowers of flesh-pink with creamy undertone. Each \$1.50.

Pamela. 40 in. Late midseason. Excellent wide-flaring, buttercup-yellow blooms. Each \$1.50.

Picture. 38 in. Large (up to 6-inch), rose-pink, trumpet-shaped blooms. Remains open evenings. Each \$5.00.

Ringlets. 24 to 30 in. Midseason. Small, creped and curled, bright gold blooms. Can be used in arrangements. Each \$2.50.

Salmon Sheen. 33 in. Beautiful salmon shades. Remains open evenings. Each \$2.50.

Sioux. 30 in. Flowers cardinal-red. Free flowering. Each \$1.00.

Yellowstone. 36 in. Large, fragrant, light yellow blooms. Free flowering. Each \$1.25.

August Pioneer. 3 ft. Aug.-Oct. Chrome-orange, outer half of petals flushed red. Each 50c.

Baronet. 2 ft. June and Sept. Flowers full, sprightly crimson-orange; remains open in evening. Each 50c.

Circe. 3 to 4 ft. July. Soft lemon-yellow. Each 50c.

Gold of Ophir. 4 ft. July-Aug. Waxy golden yellow flowers on strong stems. Dark green foliage. Long period of bloom. Each 50c.

Hyperion. 4 to 5 ft. July-Aug. A very beautiful soft yellow-flowered, fragrant Daylily. Plant vigorous. Each 50c.

Imperator. 4 ft. July. Large flower up to 6 inches in diameter. Orange-buff, narrow sepals and petals with a cream midrib and yellow throat. Each 50c.

Kwanso. 4 ft. July-Aug. Vigorous-growing plant with rich orange-colored, double flowers. Each 50c.

Linda. 3 ft. July-Aug. Large flowers with crinkled petals; base golden yellow with cinnamon fleck and red eye. Sepals clear yellow. Each 50c.

Mikado. 3 ft. June-July. Orange flowers with a mahogany-red spot on each petal. Each 50c.

Mildred. 3 to 4 ft. July. Golden orange. Each 50c.

Old Ivory. 3 ft. June-July. Jersey cream shade; a delicate flower slightly whorled. Each 75c.

Rajah. 3½ ft. July-Aug. Large, gaily colored English red blooms, with conspicuous eye-zone; throat pale orange. A heavy bearer. Each 50c.

Serenade. 4 to 5 ft. June-July. Pale yellow and delicate fulvous or tawny color. Petals twisted and crinkled. Each 50c.

Theron. 2½ ft. July-Sept. Large, dark mahogany-red flowers. Outside of throat dark red, inside orange. Each 50c.

Heuchera (Coral-Bells)

Neat, compact-growing perennials with heart-shaped leaves and long stems bearing numerous dainty, bell-like flowers for a long time. Fine for cutting. They do best in a well-drained soil and sunny position.

Coral Mist. Large, feathery heads of very tiny, coral-colored flowers on 2-foot stems. Very useful in arrangements. This is something out of the ordinary for your garden. Each \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75.

Pink Charm. See page 2.

Red Prince. 2 ft. Our own selection. A very dark red Coral-Bell. Foliage medium size and dark green. Sprays of dark red, bell-shaped flowers on long stems most of the summer. One customer reported that this Coral-Bell was the talk of the neighborhood. Each \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75.

Selected Red. 2 ft. Another very fine variety of our own selection. The neat plant is compact and has refined, medium-size, dark green leaves. Many bright clear red flowers on long stems over a long period. Each 65c.; 3 for \$1.80.

Snowflake. 2 ft. A very fine large white-flowered variety. Leaves have a cast of white in them. A choice item. Each \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75.

Yellow. 2 ft. An interesting novelty. The pale yellow flowers are arranged close together on the stem, giving the appearance of a spike-like flower. Each \$1.00.

Iberis (Candytuft)

Purity. A very dwarf Candytuft with dark green leaves and very large, dazzling white flowers. Each 70c.

Snowflake. Plant compact, larger and taller than Purity. The plant is covered with large white flowers in June. Each 65c.

Lathyrus (Everlasting Pea)

Latifolius. Trailing plants suitable for growing on arches or trellis or allowed to trail over rough banks. The racemes of sweet-pea-like flowers are good for cutting. Pink or Red. Small plants, each 40c.

Lavandula (Sweet Lavender)

Munstead Strain. 18 in. Summer. Used in making sweet bags and sachets. Grayish foliage and large, sweet-scented, blue flowers in abundance. Early blooming. Each 65c.

Liatis (Kansas Gayfeather, Blazing Star)

A clump of Liatis with its characteristic grass-like leaves and 5-foot spikes terminated with showy purple flowers in late summer will help to make your garden different. Can be used as cut flower.

Pycnostachya. Aug.-Sept. Towering spikes of rose-purple flowers. Each 60c.

Scariosa alba. Beautiful long spikes of clear white flowers that will get the attention of your garden friends. Each 65c.

Scariosa, September Glory. Stately spikes of purple flowers. Each 60c.

Scariosa, Silver Tips. Flowers of a soft lavender with silver tips. Early flowering. Each 60c.

In the fall we will have a supply of Tulips and Crocus

PERKINS' PERENNIALS

Linum (Flax)

Perenne. 2 ft. Blue Flax. Bush-like plants for an open, warm place. Plant early for best results. Produces an abundance of bright blue flowers daily throughout the summer. The flowers usually close about noon. Very showy when planted in masses. Each 60c.

Lily

Auratum. Gold-banded Lily from Japan. 5 to 7 ft. White flowers with gold band on each petal. Fragrant; August flowering. Each packaged 50c., potted 65c.

Regal. One of the most beautiful and easiest Lilies to grow. Flowers white with yellow centers, streaked pinkish on outside. Each packaged 50c., potted 65c.

Rubrum. Flowers ruby-crimson, margined white. Each packaged 50c., potted 65c.

Madonna. Pure waxy white blooms, in late June and early July. Bulbs potted last fall. Each 75c. (not available).

Mega. 18 in. Upright facing; lemon-yellow with brown spots. A showy Lily. Each \$1.75.

Lily-of-the-Valley

White, bell-shaped flowers in spring. Very fragrant. Will grow in shade or sun. Pips, 8 for 50c.

Lupinus (Lupin)

Russell Hybrids. 3 to 5 ft. Stately plants with deeply cut foliage and long spikes of pea-shaped flowers in many unusual and exquisite colors. For best results they like ample moisture and full sun, with protection from the hot drying winds of summer. Heavy mulching around the roots should be helpful. Small plants, each 40c.

Lychnis

Easily grown perennials bearing large heads of brilliantly colored flowers that live up the flower garden during spring and summer.

Chalcedonica. Maltese Cross. 3 ft. Summer. Flat heads of vivid scarlet flowers all summer. Each 60c.

Viscaria nana. Dwarf Catchfly. 12 in. Grass-like leaves and rosy pink flowers in June. Suitable for edging or the rock garden. Each 65c.

Lythrum (Loosestrife)

One of our most satisfactory perennials; very popular. Perfectly hardy and bears good spikes of flowers over a long period. Fine for cutting. Likes plenty of moisture and will tolerate some shade.

Dropmore Purple. 3 to 4 ft. June-Sept. Very showy, fuchsia-purple spikes. Large size, each 75c.

Morden Gleam. 3 to 4 ft. A recent introduction from the Canadian Experiment Station at Morden. It bears many spikes of bright rosy red flowers. One of the brightest Lythrum. Very fine. Large plants, each 75c. Medium, each 50c.

Morden Pink. A choice member of the Lythrum family. The flower spikes are a lovely pink that blends well with the other colors in the garden. Will grow in wet or dry places. Plant neat and refined. Large plants, each 75c. Medium, each 50c.

Morden Rose. 3 ft. The latest Lythrum introduction from the Morden Experiment Station, Canada. Produces a refined and vigorous plant with long stems of rose-colored flowers. Large plants, each 75c. Medium, each 50c.

Lysimachia

Nummularia. Low, very compact creeping plants with yellow-green leaves and small bright yellow flowers. Useful for a ground cover in sun or shade. Fine for around the edges of a pool. Each 50c.

Mertensia (Virginia Bluebells)

Virginica. 15 in. One of our interesting, early-blooming spring plants with light blue, bell-like flowers, tinged with pink. Leaves disappear during the summer. Each 60c.

Monarda (Bergamot)

Monardas are aromatic herbs of easy culture, thriving in any good soil. Will withstand semi-shade. Grow in masses for best effects.

Croftway Pink. 3 ft. Large flower heads of a beautiful soft pink, suitable for cutting. Each 65c.

Mrs. Perry. 3 ft. Large, crimson flowers. Each 60c.

Scarlet. 3 ft. Bright scarlet flowers. Very showy. Spreads quickly and needs dividing frequently. Spring is the best time. Each 60c.

Myosotis (Forget-Me-Not)

6 in. Everyone is familiar with the charming bright blue flowers of the Forget-Me-Not. They prefer partial shade and plenty of moisture. Blooms all summer. Each 60c.

Nepeta (Ground Ivy)

Dropmore Hybrid. 12 to 18 in. A dwarf Nepeta with small, grayish green leaves and smoky blue flowers. Suitable for edging or a ground cover. Neat. Stock imported from Canada. Each 65c. Small plants, each 50c.

Variegated. 15 in. Plants with variegated foliage always add interest to a garden. Foliage green and yellow; dark crimson flowers. A rapid grower that will do well in partial shade or sun. Each 60c.

Oenothera (Evening Primrose)

Illumination. 2 ft. Stocky plants bearing bright soft yellow flowers most of the summer. Each 65c. Small plants, each 50c.

Pachysandra (Spurge)

Terminalis. 6 to 8 in. A trailing ground cover that will grow in the shade. Suitable under evergreens. Glossy green leaves. Potted plants, each 35c. Bare-root plants from flats, 20 for \$3.00.



PACHYSANDRA

PERKINS' PERENNIALS

Papaver nudicaule (Iceland Poppies)

Kelmscott Strain. From a cluster of green leaves arise long stems bearing large, graceful, cup-like flowers in many delicate tints—pink, white, apricot, orange, and various combinations. Small plants, each 35c.

Papaver orientale (Oriental Poppies)

For Splashes of Color in Late Spring

For spring sales all our Poppies are potted up the preceding fall and cannot be sent out by mail. In the fall season we ship bare roots at regular prices.

Clusters of the large, cup-shaped blooms of the Oriental Poppy scattered throughout the border will add glowing brightness to your garden during June and early July. They are of easy culture and like a rich deep sandy loam. Excessive moisture should be avoided. Pick off all seed-pods before they ripen and break open. During the summer Poppies have a resting period and all leaves disappear. They start a new growth of leaves in the fall.

Big Jim. Large red flowers on sturdy stems. Each 85c.

Bracteatum. Seed imported from England. Very large, deep crimson flowers. Small plants, each 30c.

Carnival. 36 in. Upper half of the petals is nasturtium-red. The blackish brown blotch at the base is surrounded by a large field of creamy white. Blooms of medium size. Each \$1.00.

Crimson Pompon. Medium-sized, double bloom of blood-red. Flowers freely and early. Each 65c.

Enchantress. Large blooms of delicate soft rose color. Free flowering. Medium size, each 65c.

Helen Elizabeth. La France pink, crinkled petals without black spot. Each 65c.

Henri Cayeux. Immense blooms of old-rose tinted lavender. Each 85c.

John III. A nice deep pink Oriental Poppy. Each 75c.

May Curtis. Watermelon-red. Large blooms on strong stems. Early. Each \$1.00.

Mary Jane Miller. Salmon-pink. Good foliage. Each 85c.

Olympia. Semi-double, bright orange. Very hardy. Medium size, each 65c.

Ridgewood Beauty. Bright geranium-pink. Ruffled petals. Medium size, each 65c.

Pardanthus (Blackberry-Lily)

Chinensis. 3 ft. Summer. An odd and unusual, perfectly hardy perennial with green iris-like leaves. The small, daintily black-spotted orange lily-like flowers are borne on 24-inch stems. Seed-pods, when ripe, resemble blackberries. Each 60c.

Penstemon (Beard-Tongue)

Rose Elf. 30 in. From a low cluster of leaves arise long stems bearing numerous shell-pink, flaring, tubular flowers. Suitable for cutting. Each 65c.

White. Similar to the above, with white flowers. Each 60c.

Send in Your Order As Soon As Possible

Mulches save labor. They conserve moisture, keep down weeds and eliminate the need for constant cultivation.

Physalis (Chinese Lantern)

Francheti. Brilliant orange-red seed-pods resembling Chinese lanterns. Each 65c.

Physostegia (False Dragonhead)

Summer Glow. 3 ft. Late summer. Good hardy plants for the sunny border; of easy culture. Spreads rapidly. The deep pink flowers are borne on terminal spikes, and will last a long time when cut. Each 60c.

Summer Snow. 3 ft. A grand addition to the list of needed white flowers which add so much to our gardens. Tall stems terminating in beautiful white spikes. Good for cutting. Each 60c.



PHYSOSTEGIA

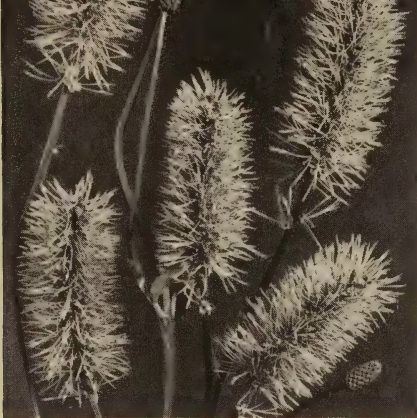


MERTENSIA VIRGINICA

PHYSALIS
FRANCHETI



LYTHRUM, MORDEN GLEAM



POTERIUM OBTUSUM

Platycodon (Chinese Balloon-Flower)

Grandiflorum. July-Sept. The Chinese Balloon-Flower gets its name from the interesting balloon-shaped buds which open into large bells. The blooms are borne on 2 to 3-foot spikes and last a long time. All dead blossoms should be removed. As the Platycodons do not start growth until late in the spring, a stake should be placed near the plant. This will prevent destroying the plant when working in the garden early in the spring. **Blue, White or Shell-Pink.** Each 60c.



PRIMULA
GIANT BOUQUET



RUDBECKIA
PURPUREA

PLATYCODON
GRANDIFLORUM



PERKINS' PERENNIALS

Polemonium (Jacobs-Ladder)

Free-flowering perennials of easy culture. They have graceful leaves and bear their flowers in loose heads.

Blue Pearl. 15 in. A dwarf variety with light blue flowers. Each 65c.

Potentilla

Warrensi. 1 ft. A lovely plant for the sunny border. Neat, clean foliage and large pure yellow buttercup-like flowers all summer. Small plants, each 40c.

Poterium (Burnet)

Obtusum. 3 ft. July-Sept. A fine plant with unusual foliage and many spikes of rosy pink flowers on curving stems. Likes a sunny, moist place. Each 65c.

Primula (Primrose)

Giant Bouquet. Primroses are ideal for shady spots. The soil should be loamy and contain humus such as rotted manure, peat moss or leafmold. Low-growing plants. Spring blooming. Mixed colors. Each 60c.

Lovely Pyrethrum (Painted Daisy)

The finely cut foliage forms a neat, compact plant from which arise numerous strong stems bearing colorful daisy-like blooms.

Helen. 2 ft. A fine double pink-flowered variety. Each 75c.

Robinson's Dark Crimson. 3 ft. Spring. A choice large-flowered, crimson Painted Daisy. Each 60c.

Robinson's Hybrids. 3 ft. Spring. Very large flowers. Mixed colors, red, white, pink. Each 60c.

Robinson's Hybrid, Rose. Clear pink shades. Each 65c.

Robinson's Giant Rubrum. Red. Each 65c.

Giant Daisy

4 to 5 ft. A member of the Pyrethrum family. Tall, bush-like plants, bearing many medium-sized, white Daisies in early fall. Plant at rear of the border. Each 65c.

Ranunculus (Double Buttercup)

An upright, double yellow Buttercup, blooming in early June. Flowers similar to the double feverfew. Good for cutting. Each 60c.

Rudbeckia (Coneflower)

Golden Globe. 5 ft. A beautiful, improved Golden Glow with large, fully double, globe-shaped, yellow flowers. Each 60c.

Goldsturm. 15 in. Golden yellow, daisy-like flowers with black, cone-like centers. Blooms nearly all summer. Each 65c.

Purpurea. Purple Coneflower. 4 ft. The flower consists of a bronze, cone-like center surrounded by drooping crimson petals. Small plants, each 40c.

The King. 3 ft. An improved purple Coneflower with broad, deep crimson-red petals and rich coppery bronzy cones. Petals do not droop so much as in the regular purple Coneflower. Each 75c.

White Lustre. 30 in. Large pure white flowers with a bronze cone in the center. Lasts well as a cut flower. Each 75c.

Saponaria (Soapwort)

Ocymoides. Low, spreading, leafy plants with numerous bright pink flowers in summer. Each 60c.

SHOWY PHLOX

For Masses of Color in Early Spring and Summer

Dwarf Spring-Blooming Phlox

Phlox Subulata

A very attractive and satisfactory plant for the rocky or edge of the hardy border. Plant in groups of 3 to 6 plants and you will have a fine display of color about the end of May. Will grow in partial shade.

Alexander's Attraction. A new early-flowering variety with large magenta-rose blooms. Each 75c.

Alexander's Beauty. 5 to 7 in. A large-flowered variety blooming later than most Subulatas. Blossoms rose color with a good eye. Each 75c.

Alexander's Surprise. One of the newer creeping Phlox. Large, clear rose-pink flowers with a crimson eye. More upright in growth than the other varieties. Foliage dark green. Tends to bloom twice a year. Each 60c.

Alexander's White. A very fine and showy white creeping Phlox. Medium-size plants, each 60c.

Elaine Alexander. A hardy fast-growing, creeping Phlox with rosy magenta flowers. Each 75c.

Emerald Cushion Blue. Dark green foliage and nearly blue flowers. A robust grower. Each 60c.

Maysnow. Creamy white flowers on neat, rather slow-growing, dark green plants. Each 65c.

Mrs. Mathews. A new variety with showy lavender-blue flowers. Each 75c.

Purple (Atropurpurea). A vigorous-growing, very showy purple-red creeping Phlox. Each 60c.

White Delight. One of the larger white-flowered creeping Phlox, blooming abundantly. Compact, dark green foliage. Each 60c.

Wild Rose. Blooms of soft wild rose with rich deep crimson eye on vigorous plants which develop into heavy thick clumps. Each 75c.

PHLOX stolonifera, Blue Ridge. A creeping Phlox from England, similar to our *Phlox divaricata*. Large, handsome blue flowers. Does best in a shady place. Each 65c.

PHLOX amoena. 6 in. June. Deep rose-colored flowers in abundance. Each 60c.

PHLOX Mesalusa. A dwarf Phlox similar to the Subulata type. Dark green, glossy leaves; deep rose-colored flowers in June. Each 75c.

PHLOX sibirica. 8 to 12 in. A low-growing, large-leaved Phlox with bright rose-pink blooms in June. Each 75c.

Summer Phlox for Brilliant Color

The ever-popular Phlox is the mainstay of the summer garden. It thrives in hot weather. Use it freely for a brilliant color effect. It makes the best showing when planted in groups of 3 or more of a kind.

Phlox likes a rich soil with plenty of moisture. A summer mulch will help to retain moisture in the ground. Dusting the plants with sulphur or a good rose dust will help to keep them healthy. Do not allow the seeds to ripen and fall to the ground, for any that produce plants might not be true to color.

Recent Introductions

These newer Phlox with the extra-large florets are outstanding. You will love them.

B. Symone Jeune. Enormous heads of clear pink with sparkling crimson eye. Each 75c.; 3 for \$2.00.

Cinderella. Rose-pink with very small, darker eye. A compact grower. Each 75c.; 3 for \$2.00.

Dresden China. Large, dainty soft pink flowers in big heads. A sturdy grower. Each 75c.; 3 for \$2.00.

Elizabeth Arden. 2 ft. Perfect heads of startling size. Pastel-pink to lilac-rose; red eye in each floret. At its best the second or third year after planting. Each 75c.; 3 for \$2.00.

Lilac Times. Dark lilac with a white eye. Each 75c.; 3 for \$2.00.

Sir John Falstaff. 2 to 3 ft. Luminous salmon-pink. Plant robust and vigorous, with sturdy stems. Each 75c.; 3 for \$2.00.

Turandot. A distinct new red Phlox. Large florets in compact heads. Each 75c.; 3 for \$2.00.

White Admiral. 24 to 30 in. A beautiful new white Phlox with big heads of bloom. Fragrant. Each 75c.; 3 for \$2.00.

Good Standard Varieties

Blue Boy. The nearest to a blue Phlox so far produced. Each 60c.

Border Queen. An outstanding dwarf Phlox with large florets of watermelon-pink. Has been very satisfactory in our garden trials for several years. Each 60c.

Charles H. Curtis. A Phlox of great merit. A strong grower with good clean foliage; flowers sunset-red. Each 60c.

Count Zeppelin. Clear white with red eye. Each 60c.

Enchantment. One of the better old varieties. Bright salmon-pink with dark eye. Each 60c.

Flash. Crimson-red. A good red Phlox. Each 60c.

Graf Zeppelin. White with a vermilion-red eye. Each 60c.

STANDARD VARIETIES continued on page 20



HARDY PHLOX

PERKINS' PERENNIALS

STANDARD PHLOX, continued

- Jules Sandeau.** Compact trusses of pure pink. Large florets. Each 60c.
- Lillian.** A beautiful early salmon-pink. Each 60c.
- Miss Lingard.** The best early white; pale pink eye. Continuous blooming throughout the summer. A most desirable variety. Each 60c.
- Pinkette.** Large florets of a delicate soft pink. Each 60c.
- Red Polka.** White with vivid red eye. Strong grower. Each 60c.
- Royal Purple.** Rich purple. Each 60c.
- San Antonio.** Dark blood-red. A tall variety. Each 60c.
- Van Hochberg.** Tall. Dark red. Each 60c.
- World Peace.** New. A strong grower. Large, pure white flowers. Each 60c.

Salvia

- Pratensis rosea.** 2 ft. Large, heavy, dark green leaves and spikes of rosy flowers in early summer. Small plants, each 35c.
- Blue.** Rich purple-blue, spike-like flowers in early spring. Very striking. Small plants, each 35c.

Scabiosa (Pincushion-Flower)

- Blue Snowflake Strain.** 24 in. Larger blooms in various shades of lavender and blue. Each 75c.
- Pure White.** Each 85c.

Sedum (Stonecrop)

- Spectabile.** 2½ ft. This group of Sedums with its thick heavy stems, leaves and flowers offers a strong contrast to other garden plants. Foliage light green. Keeps a long time as a cut flower. Light Pink or Rose-Pink. Each 60c.
- Spectabile variegatum.** Foliage variegated green and white. Each 60c.
- Spurium.** A low-growing Sedum suitable for ground cover or the rocky. Red flowers in July. Each 50c.

Sempervivum (Hen-and-Chickens)

- Tectorum.** Large rosettes. Dark green with reddish tips. Each 50c.
- Brown.** Medium-sized rosettes of brown leaves. Each 50c.
- Green.** Small clusters of green-leaved rosettes. Each 50c.



SCABIOSA

Shasta Daisies

No garden would be complete without Shasta Daisies. They make a fine display and are one of the most durable and valuable cut flowers.

- Alaska.** 2 to 3 ft. Summer. Our general-purpose Shasta Daisy. Large white flowers, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, on long stems. Each 60c.
- Diener's Giants.** 2 to 3 ft. This strain is a glorious mixture of large-flowered white daisies—single, semi-double, fully double and shaggy types. Each 60c. Small plants, each 35c.

New Improved Shasta Daisies Grown from cuttings or divisions

- Aglaya.** Lace Shasta. 2 ft. A beautiful large-flowered fully double Shasta Daisy. The flowers have fringed petals, and the blooming period extends over a long time. Clumps, each \$1.00. Small plants, each 60c.
- Border Queen.** 2 ft. Similar to Aglaya but having a large yellow center. Very pretty. Clumps, each 85c.
- Mount Shasta.** 2 ft. The pure white, double flowers have a high crested center. Blooms all summer. Each 75c. Small plants, each 60c.

Spirea

- Filipendula flore-pleno.** 15 in. Large plumes of double white flowers; beautiful fern-like foliage. Each 65c.
- Variegated.** Dark green leaves with yellow center and markings. Very scarce. Each \$1.00.
- Venusta.** 4 ft. Fluffy plumes of salmon-pink flowers. Each 75c.

Statice (Sea-Lavender)

- Latifolia.** 2 ft. Summer. The leathery leaves form a tuft at the ground from which arise several stems bearing numerous small lavender flowers similar to baby's-breath. Give full sunlight. Flowers may be dried and kept a long time. Each 60c.

Thalictrum (Meadow-Rue)

- Aquilegifolium.** Feathered Columbine. 3 ft. Airy panicles of feathery, lavender flowers. Foliage similar to that of Aquilegia. Each 60c.
- Minor.** 12 in. A very dwarf Meadow-Rue, imported from Canada, with dainty, finely cut, maidenhair fern-like foliage which can be used in small bouquets and arrangements. A neat-growing plant suitable for edging. Each 75c.

Thermopsis (Yellow Lupin)

- Caroliniana.** 4 to 5 ft. A good yellow accent plant. Spikes of yellow, pea-like flowers in June. Very hardy. Small plants, each 35c.

Thymus

- Serpyllum micans.** 2 in. A low creeping plant with very small, dark green, hairy leaves and red flowers. For the rock-garden or edging. Each 60c.

Tradescantia (Spiderwort)

- Tradescantias do well in partial shade. They bloom over a long period without any special care or protection against insects. Long, narrow, dark green leaves.
- James C. Weguelin.** 2 ft. Large clusters of China-blue flowers. Each 65c.
- Purple Dome.** A fine grower, blooming freely. Flowers are brilliant purple. Each 65c.

Select Perkins Plants for a Glorious Array

PERKINS' PERENNIALS

Trollius (Globe-Flower)

Ledebouri. 24 to 30 in. June-July. Deep orange, globe-shaped flowers, up to 2 inches in diameter. Sun or part shade. Each 65c.

Lemon Queen. 24 in. Large, pure yellow, buttercup-like flowers. Enjoys a moist location. Each 65c.

Pritchard Giants. 2 ft. Large, globe shaped, orange, buttercup-like flowers in spring and sometimes again in the fall. Trollius prefers a rather rich moist soil and partial shade. Each 75c.

Blue Veronica (Speedwell)

The free-flowering Speedwells are essential to any border. A few groups of three to six plants scattered throughout the garden will enhance its color beauty. They are very hardy and prefer a sunny place.

Blue Spire. 2½ ft. July-Aug. A group of three to six plants of this tall Veronica, with their numerous long spikes of deep blue flowers in summer, will attract much attention. A fine source of blue for the summer garden. Each 60c.

Crater Lake. 1 ft. June. A dwarf form of Speedwell covered with striking dark blue flowers. Each 60c.

Mardi Lyn. 10 in. A very dwarf variety with gray foliage and many medium blue spikes of flowers. A good edging plant. Each 65c.

Pink and White Veronicas

Icicle. 2 ft. A clean and attractive plant with many spikes of gleaming white flowers from June to October. Nice for arrangements. Each 75c. Small plants, each 50c.

Minuet. 15 in. Gray-green foliage and dusty pink spikes of flowers. Very good. Each 75c. Small plants, each 50c.

Verbascum

Phoeniceum Hybrids. 2 ft. The plant consists of a group of basal leaves from which arise graceful spikes of flowers. Mixed colors. Small plants, each 35c.

Vinca (Trailing Myrtle)

Minor, Bowles' Variety. An excellent ground-cover plant with dark green glossy leaves and blue flowers. Each 60c.

Viola

Violas are small, pansy-like flowers. They bloom very early and freely all summer and will withstand much harder growing conditions than pansies. They are, as a rule, hardier than pansies. **Red, White, Light Blue, Dark Blue and Yellow.** Pak of 6 for 50c.

Eileen. A named Viola having very large, magnificent flowers of deep royal blue on long stems. Suitable for cutting. Vigorous and free flowering. Blooms May to killing frosts. Has wintered with us. Grown from cuttings. Field clumps, each 75c. Pak of 6 small plants 85c.

Vixen. Enchanting, low-growing Violas with an abundance of creamy yellow, medium-sized blooms. Spring to killing frosts. Clumps 60c. Pak of 6 small plants 75c.

Violets

Blue. Large flowers of medium violet color. Each 50c.

White. A native species. Very hardy. Each 50c.

Yucca (Adams-Needle)

Long, stiff, sharp-pointed leaves in a cluster from which arises a 4-foot flower stem bearing cream-colored bloom. Each 40c.

We never substitute without permission

Plants for the Rock Garden

Lift your rock garden out of the ordinary by planting some of our unusual and little-known rock-garden plants.

For descriptions and prices, see preceding pages.

Agrostemma
Ajuga metallica
Alyssum argenteum
Anchusa myosotidiflora
Arabis, Pink or White
Double-flowered
Armeria Lauchiana
Artemisia, Silver Mound
Stelleriana
Aster alpinus
Wartburg Star

Callirhoe
Campanula carpatica
Delphinium chinense
Dianthus, Little Joe
Wallace Red
Winteri
Dicentra eximia
Funkia variegata
Geum Borisi
Gypsophila, Rosy Veil
Repens

Heuchera
Selected Red
Iberis, Purity
Lathyrus
Lychnis viscaria
Lysimachia
Nepeta, Dropmore Hybrid
Phlox amoena
Mesalusa
Phlox subulata
Blue, White, Pink, Purple

Sedum spectabile
Spectabile variegatum
Spurium
Sempervivum
Thymus
Verbascum
Veronica, Crater Lake
Mardi Lyn
Minuet
Vinca
Violas

For That Shady Spot

PERENNIALS AND ANNUALS

Aconitum
Ageratum
Anchusa myosotidiflora
Astilbe

Dicentra eximia
Spectabilis
Forget-Me-Not
Funkia, all varieties
Heuchera

Lily-of-the-Valley
Lysimachia
Pachysandra
Phlox stolonifera
Primroses

Thalictrums
Tradescantia
Tuberous Begonias
Unwin Dahlias

Shrubs

Coral-Berry
Cotoneaster

Dogwoods
Japanese Barberry

Snowberry

Yews

Plants for Ground Covers

Ajuga
Funkia
Lily-of-the-Valley

Lysimachia
Nepeta, Dwarf
Pachysandra

Phlox Mesalusa
Subulata

Vinca
Violet, Wild White

LOVELY ANNUALS

Easy to Grow

Continuous Blooming

Fragrant

Quick to Bloom

Fine for Cutting

Colorful

All annual plants are being grown in Tek Paks. There are, depending upon the variety, 6 to 12 transplanted plants in each pak, although when planting we usually put a greater number in each pak. There are 8 paks to a flat. As pak cannot be sent by mail, we will take the plants out of the pak when filling mail orders.

Tek Paks have these advantages:

They save you time by offering you self help and less waiting for your order to be packed.
You can keep the plants for several days without injury.

AGERATUM

Midget Blue. A uniform dwarf Ageratum that produces an abundance of blue flowers. Excellent for edging your garden. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail, \$4.50.

Riverside. A very choice dwarf Ageratum growing more uniform and producing a better quality of flower than Midget Blue. Can be used for edging or mass bedding. Grown from cuttings of selected plants. Pak of 8, 65c.; by mail 80c.; 8 Paks, \$4.75; by mail \$5.25.

ALYSSUM

Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50

Carpet of Snow. 4 in. The most dependable strain. Each plant is a compact mass of snow-white flowers.

Pink. A new variety introduced this year.

Royal Carpet. 3 in. Rich violet-purple blooms on compact, spreading plants.

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon)

Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50

Colossal Strain. Mixed colors. A vigorous strain of Snapdragons having very large florets on strong stems. An early and long-blooming variety.

Colossal Snapdragon in Separate Colors

**Crimson
Orange Shades
Orchid**

**Pink Shades
White
Yellow**

A Choice Red Snapdragon

Velvet Giants Improved. Rich deep velvety red. The extra-large florets are borne on huge spikes. Plants tall.

ASTERS

Giant Branching. Wilt resistant. Large, very double flowers on long stems. Mixed colors. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50.

CARNATION

Enfant de Nice. Compact growth, stiff stems. Flowers $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter. Mixed colors. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50.

CELOSIA

Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50

Dwarf Fire Feather. Feathery, fiery red spikes.

Forest Fire. Brilliant plumes of fiery orange-scarlet. Very showy.

Toreador. Bronze Medal Winner. Large bright red combs averaging 12 inches across. Nice bright green foliage.

CENTAUREA (Bachelors-Button)

Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50

Blue Boy. Large, rich deep blue double flowers.

Rose Gem. Pink, double flowers on long stems.

CLEOME (Spider-Plant)

Pink Queen. 4 ft. Huge flower heads of bright salmon-pink top the branching stems from June until frost. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50.

COSMOS

Sensation. A very large-flowered variety. Blooms are larger if disbudded. **White** and **Pink.** Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50.

DAHLIAS

Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids. A mixture of single, semi-double and double flowers in a grand array of colors. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.

LOBELIA

Crystal Palace. Bushy plants covered with small, dark blue flowers. Foliage has a reddish tinge. A very popular edging plant. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50.

MARIGOLDS

Easily grown on any soil and offering an abundance of cut flowers.

Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50

All Double Orange. 3 ft. Large, perfectly formed, orange flower heads of the quilled type.

Red and Gold Hybrids. Award of Merit, Royal Horticultural Society. Flowers very double, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches in diameter. Some are solid red; others are delightful combinations of red and gold. Plants $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet tall.

Yellow Supreme. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. A large bloom of rich lemon-yellow. Broad, loose, frilled petals and honey fragrance. A superior variety.

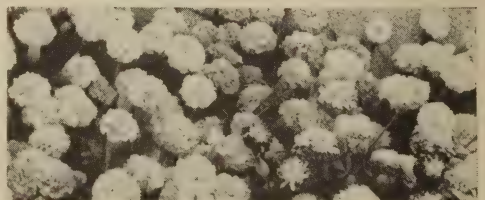
Choice Dwarf Varieties

Butterball. Scabiosa-flowered, canary-yellow. A bright and luminous edging variety.

Dainty Marietta. Golden yellow flowers with a maroon blotch at the base of each petal. Blooms early and freely.

MARIGOLD PETITE

Petite Strain. All-America Bronze Medal for 1958. This new class of double Marigolds fills the need for an extra-dwarf, uniformly even, early and free-flowering strain for edges and mass effects. Grows 6 inches tall, 10 inches wide. Four colors: **Gold, Orange, Yellow, Harmony** (mahogany-red with gold crest).



MARIGOLD PETITE

PERKINS' PANSIES

Pak of 6, 50c.; 2 paks, 95c.

Jumbo. Still leading the parade. Immense blooms in a well-balanced color blend, with copper, brass, red, vermillion, yellow, apricot, bronze, café au lait, blue, lavender, orchid, wine and many other rare and exquisite colors.

Also Super Swiss; Jumbo Yellow; Jumbo White; and Sea Blue.

NICOTIANA

Pak of 9, 65c.; by mail 75c.

Dwarf White Bedder. A new dwarf variety from England. Plants compact, bearing large, white, scented flowers which remain open during the day. Did well at our nursery last year.

Sensation Mixture. This large-flowered strain contains many colors—crimson, rose, mahogany, violet, yellow, white, etc. Blooms remain open during the day.

PORTULACA (Moss Rose)

An excellent low-growing plant for a hot dry place. Our strain contains both single and double flowers in a wide color range. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.



JUMBO PANSY

THE SENSATIONAL F₁ PETUNIAS

Pak of 8, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50

Note: 8 plants of F₁ Petunias will cover as much or more ground than 12 plants of the ordinary bedding Petunias.

F₁ Hybrid Grandifloras

Flowers average 3½ to 4 inches across. Plant spreads 20 to 24 inches; height 8 to 15 inches. They should not be planted less than 1 foot apart in your garden.

Ballerina. Just the Petunia for those who like a soft glowing salmon color. Outstanding in all ways. Fringed blooms 3½ to 4 inches in diameter. Plants very uniform, dwarf, compact, spreading, free flowering. Base branching. Height 12 inches; spread 2 to 3 feet. Space at least 12 inches apart each way. Ballerina is an All-America winner.

Fire Dance. Fringed flowers of deep scarlet-red with golden throat. Plants compact and free flowering.

Fire Gleam. Fringed flowers of rich deep salmon.

Maytime. Large flowers of good substance with slight fringe. Clear rose-pink. Very free flowering. Good for pots and bedding. All-America Winner, 1958.

Minstrel. The 3-inch blooms on compact plants are white marked with rich blue.

Pink Desire. Clear bright pink ruffled flowers on compact growing plants. Free flowering.

Serenade. Rich violet blooms, with contrasting cream-white stamens, freely produced on dwarf plants.

White Magic. Early, pure white, ruffled blooms.

F₁ Multifloras

Flowers average 2½ inches across, with a plant spread of about 18 inches. Plant at least 1 foot apart.

Comanche. A very showy Petunia; scarlet-red. The plant is base branching, 15 inches high and extremely free blooming. The flowers are 2½ to 2¾ inches in diameter. Set the plants about 1 foot apart. An excellent Petunia.

Linda. The medium-sized flowers, 2¾ to 3 inches, are clear, light salmon-pink and freely produced. The plant is vigorous and very compact.

Paleface. Pure white blooms of nice size.

Peach Satin. Peach shades.

The Clown. (Replaces Glitters.) Blooms are a combination of red and white.

There is rest and peace in a garden



PETUNIA, BALLERINA



CELOSIA, DWARF FIRE FEATHER



PETUNIA, MAYTIME

PERKINS' LOVELY ANNUALS

MISCELLANEOUS PETUNIAS

Pak 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50

Extra Dwarf California Giants. Giant ruffled flowers on dwarf, sturdy plants, in a fine range of mixed colors. 10 plants per pak.

Double Petunia, Attraction. Dwarf bushy plants bearing double fringed flowers of carmine-rose and white. 8 plants per pak.

Bedding Petunia, F₂ Colorama. A good strain with medium-sized flowers for general bedding purposes. Mixed colors. 10 plants per pak.

For Fragrance

Roses, Phlox, Artemisia lactiflora, Hardy Carnations, Hardy Pinks, Lavender, Monarda, Nepeta, Nicotiana, Sweet Alyssum, Annual Carnations, Snapdragon, Garden Heliotrope.

Mulches save labor. They conserve moisture, keep down weeds and eliminate the need for constant cultivation.



CLEOME

BLUE SALVIA

NICOTIANA



BRILLIANT RED SALVIA

Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50

Dwarf. Selected extra-early flowering.

Masterpiece. Medium height, 16 inches; early blooming.

Bonfire. About 2 feet tall. Later than the others.

Blue Salvia

Farinacea. A beautiful blue Salvia for cutting and garden display. Long, slender flowering spikes. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50.

SCABIOSA (Pincushion-flower)

Fast-growing annuals and an important cut flower.

Mixed Colors. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50.

TRYSONIC STOCKS

A new race bred for extreme earliness. Plant first throws a central spike of bloom 6 inches or more in height, then numerous side branches throughout the growing period.

Trysonic Seven Weeks. Choice color blend, ranging from white through pink, rose, deep crimson, dark blue and purple. Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50.

VERBENA

Low-growing, colorful annuals for edging or bedding.

Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50

Giant-flowering Bush Type. 8 to 10 in. Mixed colors. The dense flower heads are closely massed across the flat-topped plant.

Sparkle. Bright scarlet-red flowers with large white eye. Retains its dwarf, compact habit throughout the season.

Dwarf Master Blend. Compact and dwarf, coming into blossom when plants are small. Fine color mixture.

Dwarf Master. Scarlet. Very bright.

Verbena, Flame

Of creeping habit, producing stems 2 feet long, which root at the nodes. Beautiful brilliant rose-scarlet blooms from spring to heavy frosts. Very showy and striking. Grown from cuttings. Pak of 8, 65c.; by mail 75c.; 8 Paks, \$4.00; by mail \$4.50.

Be sure to try this

Lemon Verbena

Grown for its fragrant foliage. A sprig is often put in mixed bouquets. Potted plants only, each 50c.

ZINNIA

Pak of 10, 65c.; by mail 75c.

Burpee's Hybrid Zinnias

Mixed Colors. A superior strain of giant-flowered Zinnias with a gorgeous range of soft colors and color combinations. Extra-large blooms—fluffy, curled and quilled. Strong growing and less stiff than other Zinnias.

Blaze. Mandarin-red.

Eskimo. Creamy white.

Floradale. Vibrant scarlet-red.

Ice Cream. Cream-colored blooms up to 5 inches across.

Rosalind. Rose-pink.

Sunny Boy. Rich buttercup-yellow.

Miss Universe

A new dwarfier form of large-flowered Zinnia. Blooms are up to 7 inches in diameter, in clear bright colors. Plants are strong and healthy and grow about 2 feet high.

Lilliput Zinnias

All Colors Mixed. Medium height; small flowers.

Fantasy Zinnias

The rounded flowers are composed of a mass of shaggy ray-like petals. Mixed colors.

BEAUTIFUL SHRUBS . . . For Your Home

You can add beauty, comfort and peacefulness to your home by planting lovely shrubs. The bright, sturdy and graceful evergreens are charming throughout the year. The colorful blooms, the colored fruits and colored foliage of the many available deciduous shrubs produce an ever-changing picture of beauty. In winter the colored stems and the arrangement of the branches and twigs add interest. A planting of shrubbery also adds to the financial value of your home.

In selecting a shrub for the home, the first consideration is whether its general habit of growth will be satisfactory in the place it is to be planted. Other considerations are necessary. The ultimate height of the plant is an important factor with the low type of homes now being built. Is there enough room for the shrub to spread out properly and display its full beauty? By noting the time of bloom, we can have flowers almost continually. Size and texture has a bearing upon the general effectiveness of the planting. Nice contrasts in color may be obtained by using shrubs with light green, dark green, red or variegated foliage. Colorful fruits and branches are useful for fall and winter effects. Berries attract the birds. As we sometimes want to control the height and shape of our shrubs by shearing and pruning, we should know whether they can withstand this treatment.

You are invited to visit our nursery and see the shrubs growing. This will help you to visualize how they will look when planted in your yard.

Our Potted Shrubby is easy to plant

QUANTITY DISCOUNTS ON SHRUBBERY AND TREES.

From the total price of any three shrubs or trees, deduct 25c.; any 5, deduct 50c.; 20 or more, deduct 10%

Barberry, Red-leaved (*Berberis Thunbergi atropurpurea*). 2 to 5 ft. A spiny shrub with bronzy red leaves, suitable for specimen plants or hedges. Contrasts well when planted with evergreens. For best color effect plant in full sun. It likes plenty of moisture but can be grown in drier situations. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$1.75.

Barberry, Crimson Pygmy. 12 inches high, 15 to 18 inches in diameter. Leaves bronzy blood-red. Use in front of other shrubs or as an edging for a shrub border. Potted plants, each \$1.50.

Barberry, Japanese. 5 ft. Rich green foliage which turns red in the fall. It produces an abundance of red berries. Very thorny. Will withstand some shade. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$1.25.

Buffalo-Berry (*Shepherdia argentea*). 6 to 18 ft. A handsome ornamental shrub with silvery foliage and red berries. The acid fruit is used for jelly. Must have both staminate and pistillate-flowered plants to be sure of getting fruit. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$1.75.

Caragana, Pygmy. A small-leaved shrub bearing many yellow flowers. Potted plants, each \$1.50.

Caryopteris (or Spirea), Blue Mist. 2 to 3 ft. A low-growing, mound-shaped shrub about 2 feet in diameter. Powdery blue, fringed flowers are borne on the stems from August into frost, backed by silvery green foliage. Suitable for use as a cut flower. Potted plants, each \$1.50.

Cistena (*Prunus cistena*). 5 to 7 ft. In early spring the foliage is wine-red, later changing to bronzy green. Pink flowers. It has the best color when planted in full sunlight and provides a good contrast when planted with green or yellow-foliaged plants. Suitable for foundation planting or in borders. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$2.00.

Clematis (Shrub-like). See Perennials, page 12.

Coral-Berry (*Symphoricarpos vulgaris*). Low shrub for the front of the border. Beautiful red berries in fall. Will grow in shade. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$1.25.

Cotoneaster acutifolia. 8 to 10 ft. Bright green leaves with purplish black, glossy fruit. In autumn the leaves change to rich scarlet. Does best in well-drained soil and a sunny situation but will grow in a shady place. Tolerates trimming very well. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.25.

Currant, Alpine (*Ribes alpinum*). 3 to 5 ft. Small, bright green leaves and greenish yellow, fragrant flowers in May, followed by scarlet fruit. Adapted for sun or shade. Needs plenty of moisture. Potted plants, 12 to 15 in., each \$1.50.

Currant, Yellow Flowering. 6 ft. A handsome shrub with many fragrant yellow flowers in early spring. Fruit black. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.50.

Dogwood, Red-Twig (*Cornus Baileyi*). 6 to 10 ft. A handsome shrub of upright growth. The dark red branches help to brighten winter landscapes. There is a distinct grayish hue to the foliage. Clusters of small white flowers nearly all summer. Will grow in shade. Can be pruned to any desired height. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$1.50.

Dogwood, Golden-Twig (*Cornus stolonifera*). 6 to 10 ft. Distinct yellow bark. Fine for winter effect. Can be pruned to any size. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$1.75.

Dogwood, Variegated (*Cornus Gouchaultii*). 6 to 8 ft. Beautiful variegated leaves and red branches. The two-toned leaves are light green with creamy white edges. Clusters of small white flowers in spring. Give plenty of water in dry periods. Fine for the north side or shady spot. Can be kept low by trimming. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$2.00.

Euonymus, Winged (*Euonymus alatus*). 6 ft. Grown for its attractive, ornamental, winged, orange-colored fruits in the fall. It is a spreading shrub with yellowish flowers. The foliage turns scarlet in the fall. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$2.75.

Flowering Almond (*Prunus glandulosa rosea*). 5 to 6 ft. Double, rosy pink flowers before the leaves appear. Prefers sun but will grow in partial shade. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$1.75.



FLOWERING ALMOND

PERKINS' SHRUBS

Forsythia, Lynwood Gold. Golden-Bells. 5 to 7 ft. Shrubs grown for their wealth of bright yellow flowers in spring. Dark green foliage. Will do well in dry areas and poor soil. Give a little winter protection. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$2.00.

Highbush Cranberry (*Viburnum americanum*). 10 ft. Grown for its scarlet berries from August to spring. Bright-colored foliage in fall. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.85.

Honeysuckle, Dwarf (*Lonicera, Clarey's Dwarf*). 3 to 4 ft. An ornamental shrub of easy culture, bearing beautiful yellow flowers in May, followed by red berries. Potted plants, 24 to 30 in., each \$1.75.

Hydrangea, White. 3 to 4 ft. Large flower heads of pure white from June to August. Hydrangeas do best in a rich, porous, somewhat moist soil and in full sun, although they will thrive in partly shaded positions. Each spring they should be pruned, the branches of the previous year being cut back to one or three pairs of buds. If not pruned, the flowers will be smaller. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.75.

Hydrangea, P. G. 4 to 6 ft. Giant, cone-shaped, white to pink flowers from midsummer to frost. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.60.

Hypericum aureum. St. Johnswort. 3 ft. Shrub of a stiff, dense habit, grown chiefly for its bright yellow flowers in July and August. Does well in any good loamy garden soil and does not object to shade. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.65.

Japanese Plum (*Prunus japonica*). 4 to 5 ft. An attractive, fine-textured, shrub-like tree when in bloom or laden with bright red berries in August. The cherry-like fruit can be used as food. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.50.

Maple, Amur (*Acer Ginnala*). A small tree which will make a beautiful shrub 6 to 7 feet high. The foliage is handsome and in autumn becomes a brilliant red. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.35.

Mock-Orange, Common (*Philadelphus virginialis*). 6 to 7 ft. Pure white, semi-double flowers for a long time. Fragrant. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$1.75.

Mock-Orange, Frosty Morn. 3½ ft. A new dwarf Mock-orange. Pure white, very double, fragrant blossoms in June and July. Useful for specimen planting. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$2.00.

Mock-Orange, Golden (*Philadelphus aureus*). 4 ft. Golden yellow foliage, making a bright contrast with other shrubs. Single white flowers. Suitable for front of foundation plantings. Can be trimmed and maintained at almost any height. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$2.75.

Mock-Orange, Minnesota Snowflake. Plant Pat. 538. 7 ft. A graceful, well-branched shrub retaining its foliage better than most Mock-oranges. White, double, sweet-scented flowers. Blooms freely. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$2.00.

Ninebark, Dwarf (*Physocarpus opulifolius nanus*). 4 to 5 ft. A shapely and compact shrub. Bright green foliage, lasting until late in the season. White flowers in June, followed by attractive inflated red pods. Good for foundation planting or in the shrub border. May be grown as an untrimmed specimen or trimmed to any desired height. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$1.50.

Potentilla, Gold Drop. 2 ft. Small buttercup-like, golden flowers from June until October. Bush compact, slightly irregular in shape but can be trimmed. Of easy culture. Prefers a moist situation but will grow in dry soil. Potted plants, 12 to 15 in., each \$1.75.

Privet, Hardy Golden (*Ligustrum Itoa vicari*). 3 to 6 ft. A new hardy Privet with golden yellow leaves. Makes an interesting contrast with other shrubs. Plant is compact and may be trimmed into any shape. May be used as a single shrub or in hedges. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$1.65.

Russian Olive (*Elagnus angustifolia*). Shrub or small tree to 20 feet. Drought resistant. Yellow oval fruit coated with silvery scales in autumn. Potted plants, shrub-form, each \$1.65.

Snowball (*Viburnum Opulus sterile*). 10 to 12 ft. Upright, spreading branch habit. White flowers in round clusters. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.75.

Snowberry (*Symphoricarpos albus*). 4 to 5 ft. Miniature rose-pink flowers in spring followed by clusters of large, milky white, waxy berries in fall and early winter. Grows well in sun or shade. Potted plants, 12 to 18 in., each \$1.40.

Spirea, Anthony Waterer. Dwarf Spirea. 2 to 3 ft. Rosy red flower heads 2 to 3 inches across cover the plant in summer. Sun or shade. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$1.60.

Spirea Billardi. 6 ft. Tall spikes of rosy red flowers tower above the foliage in July and August. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$1.60.

Spirea Vanhouttei. Bridal Wreath. Graceful, curving branches loaded with snow-white flowers in June. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.10.

Tamarix, Summer Glow. 8 ft. Small, feathery leaves, crowned with a profusion of fluffy, bright red flowers from June to August. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$1.75.

Viburnum Lantana. Wayfaring-Bush. 5 to 7 ft. The large, round, leathery, dark green leaves remain on the plant long after killing frosts. The 4-inch clusters of white flowers in June produce bright red fruit that changes to almost black. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.75.

Weigela Vaniceki. 5 ft. Deciduous shrubs of spreading habit with more or less arching branches. Leaves rather large. Showy pink, trumpet-shaped flowers in spring and late summer. Potted plants, 2 to 3 ft., each \$2.00.

Willow, Arctic (*Salix purpurea nana*). 2 to 4 ft. A new, very dwarf, compact Willow. Fine stems with narrow leaves. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$1.15.

Transplanting a Tree or Shrub

Dig the hole large enough for all the roots to spread out completely, with at least a foot to spare all around. While many varieties of trees will grow in rather poor soil, they all will grow better and faster in good soil. A half pound of fertilizer, or several spadefuls of manure, thoroughly mixed in the soil, will do for a small tree. After planting, the tree should be liberally watered.

After-care of trees and shrubs is highly important. Water them regularly, at least until they are thoroughly established. Like any living plants, they should be given the best possible start and reasonably nutritious soil.

FRENCH AND PERSIAN LILACS

French Lilacs are much more beautiful than the common kind. They grow from 6 to 8 feet tall and may be planted in either spring or fall, although fall seems preferable. If planted in the spring, they should be set out as early as possible, just as soon as frost is out of the ground. Plant them so that the crown is several inches below the surface. Bushes should begin to bloom the second year, and the flowers increase in size and beauty for several seasons. Lilacs prefer a sunny situation.

Potted plants only. Not mailable

Belle de Nancy. Double pink blooms. 18 to 24 in., each \$2.00.

Chas. Joly. Buds are a rich dark color, opening to bright crimson. A heavy bloomer in midseason. 18 to 24 in., each \$2.00.

Michel Buchner. Large pinkish blooms. 18 to 24 in., each \$2.00.

Mme. Lemoine. Large clusters of double, snow-white, sweetly scented flowers. Free blooming. 3 to 4 ft., each \$3.00.

Mont Blanc. Very large single white flowers. Each \$2.25.

Montaigne. Large, double creamy pink flowers on strong, upright-growing bushes. Each \$2.25.

President Grevy. Large panicles of clear soft blue in midseason. 18 to 24 in., each \$2.00.

PERSIAN LILAC (*Syringa rothomagensis*). 3 to 4 ft. A dense, low-growing variety with small narrow leaves and lilac-colored flowers in small clusters. 18 to 24 in., each \$1.40.



BECHTEL'S IMPROVED CRAB

Deciduous Trees

Manchurian Apricot. 10 to 12 ft. Flowers white to pink. Yellow, edible fruit nearly an inch in diameter. Potted plants, 4 to 5 ft., each \$2.00.

European White Birch. 3-stem clumps, 20 to 25 ft. A beautiful form of the White Birch. Graceful, slightly pendulous branches. Potted plants, 4 to 5 ft., each \$6.25.

Almey Crab. A small tree growing 12 to 15 feet tall. A vigorous grower that starts to bloom young. The large flowers are fiery crimson color, followed by a profusion of scarlet fruits. You will like it. Potted plants, 4 to 5 ft., each \$3.75.

Bechtel's Improved Crab. 15 ft. The fully double, soft pink, fragrant flowers, 2 inches across, occur in clusters. Potted plants, 3 to 4 ft., each \$2.75.

Centennial Apple Crab. See page 2. Each \$3.25.

Hopa Crab. 20 ft. Blood-red buds are followed by single, fragrant, crimson blossoms $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter. At first the leaves are reddish purple, later becoming green. Orange-red fruits from August until October. Suitable for jelly. Potted plants, 3 to 4 ft., each \$2.50.

Radiant Crab. See page 2. Each \$5.50.

Cork-Bark Elm. A large tree with corky ridges on the trunk and branches. Potted plants, 5 to 6 ft., each \$3.00.

Toba Hawthorn. See page 2. Each \$3.00.

Crimson King Maple. Plant Pat. 735. Red foliage all summer. 6 to 7 foot whips. Potted plants, each \$6.25.

Ginnala or Amur Maple. 20 to 25 ft. A low, dense tree with excellent fall color. Fragrant, yellowish flowers in April and May. Potted plants, 18 to 24 in., each \$1.25.

American Mountain-Ash. 20 to 40 ft. A nice ornamental tree valued for its abundant clusters of red berries in the fall. Potted plants, 4 to 5 ft., each \$2.50.

Prunus japonica. See Japanese Plum under Shrubs.

Pink French Pussy Willow. 10 ft. A fine cultivated French variety. May be used as a shrub. The flowers may be forced during the winter after January or February. Potted plants, 3 to 4 ft., each \$1.75.

Russian Olive, Tree Form. See Shrubs. Potted plants, each \$1.65.

Colorful EVERGREENS

for 12 Months of Beauty

Junipers

Andorra Juniper (*Juniperus horizontalis plumosa*). 2 to 3 ft. Low, spreading branches form a compact mound several feet high and about 3 feet in diameter. During early spring and after frost in the fall the foliage is purplish. In the summer it is silvery green. Very hardy. Ideal for entrance foreground, terrace or rock garden. Potted plants, each \$2.75.

Pfitzer Juniper (*Juniperus chinensis Pfitzeriana*). 3 to 5 ft. One of the most important evergreens of spreading form. Graceful, dark gray-green foliage. Irregular and spreading habit. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$2.75.

Blue Juniper Hetzi. Potted plants, each \$2.75.

Golden Juniper (*Juniperus communis aurea*). Golden yellow foliage when grown in full sun. Potted plants, each \$2.75.

Savin Juniper (*Juniperus Sabina*). 3 to 4 ft. An extra-good, low-growing, spreading evergreen with numerous upright, fan-shaped branches. Fine for foundation planting. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$2.50.

Globe Arborvitae (*Thuja occidentalis globosa*). 4 ft. A low, globe-shaped variety, with deep green foliage. Can be kept sheared to any desired height. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

Pyramidal Arborvitae (*Thuja occidentalis pyramidalis*). 12 to 15 ft. A tall, slender form of the American Arborvitae with lacy, light green foliage. Can be sheared to any desired height. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

Alberta Spruce. A dwarf, slow-growing Spruce. Fine for planting in the rock garden. Needs protection from sun in winter to keep it from burning. Potted plants, each \$3.75.

Black Hills Spruce (*Picea glauca densata*). 35 to 40 ft. One of the finest Spruce. Grows compact, bushy and symmetrical. Foliage varies from green to bluish. Potted plants, each \$2.50.

Colorado Spruce (*Picea pungens*). 60 ft. A slow-growing tree with stiff, spiny, bluish green needles. Potted plants, 15 to 18 in., each \$2.50.

Spreading Yew (*Taxus cuspidata*). Dense, beautiful dark green foliage; scarlet fruit. Endures shade. Likes a moderately moist, sandy loam. Potted plants, 18 in., each \$3.75.



SPREADING YEW AS HEDGE



EVERGREEN FOUNDATION PLANTING

IRIS

Early autumn is considered the best time to plant Iris

Dwarf Iris—Harbingers of Spring

Each 50c.; one of each for \$2.50

Atropurpurea. Reddish purple.

Fairy. Pale blue.

Rose Mist. Soft mauve-pink.

Schneecuppe. Pure white.

Stewart A. Hybrata. Yellow.

Tony. Rich red-purple.

Choice Tall Iris

Black Diamond. (Schreiner.) 33 in. Very large heads of ebony-blue-black, with silken velvet lustre. Each \$1.40.

Blue Triumph. 42 in. Large flowers of heavy substance in a beautiful shade of soft blue. Each 50c.

Blue Valley. Large, flaring light blue flowers with nice sparkling sheen. Fine form, scented. Each 70c.

California Gold. A good yellow. Each 50c.

Copper Medallion. (Schreiner.) 38 in. Good-sized blooms of glittering copper. Each \$1.40.

Cordovan. (Kleinsorge.) 34 in. Glossy brown-red. Each 75c.

Danube Wave. (Schreiner.) 38 in. Blooms a rich shade of marine-blue and of good substance. Each 70c.

Ethelwyn Dubuar. 38 in. Fine large flowers of deep pink with delightful ruffling. Each 50c.

Garden Magic. 44 in. Dark velvety red with orange beard. Each 50c.

Inca Chief. (Mitsch.) A very large, brilliant golden bronze Iris. Each \$2.50.

Jean Cayeux. 38 in. A beautiful blending of coffee-brown with a golden glint. Each 50c.

Misty Gold. (Schreiner.) 33 in. A lemon-toned Iris with a gold edging on the petals. Each 70c.

Moonlight Sonata. (Stevens.) 35 in. The edges of the petals are serrated. Lemon to sulphur-yellow. Each 75c.

New Snow. (Fay.) 38 in. Snow-white with a yellow beard. The bloom is ruffled. Each 75c.

No-we-ta. 35 in. A true pink with yellow flushes at the center. The whole flower is softly frilled. Each 50c.

Ola Kala. (J. Sass.) 38 in. The fine ruffled flower is a brilliant rich yellow. Each 70c.

Pace Maker. (Lapham.) 36 in. Glossy red. Each \$1.00.

Pink Cameo. 34 in. Pure flamingo-pink with a tangerine beard. Each 65c.

Pink Formal. (Muhlestein.) 38 in. A rich pink with a tangerine beard. Each \$1.00.

Pink Sensation. (D. Hall.) 33 in. A true delicate pink. Each \$1.25.

Pinnacle. (Stevens.) 35 in. Clear white standards and smooth primrose-yellow falls. Perfect form. Each \$1.00.

Snow Flurry. Beautiful ruffled blue-white. Each 50c.

Solid Mahogany. (J. Sass.) 38 in. Large mahogany-red flowers of good substance. Each 85c.

Sunset Blaze. (Kleinsorge.) 40 in. A grand blending of flame-red and gold. Each \$1.00.

Any 10 Iris at 10% discount



IRIS

PEONIES

Each \$1.00; 3 of a kind for \$2.75

Avalanche. 8.7. A late-blooming, double, creamy white Peony. The flower is large and compact. A good cut-flower and show variety.

Edulis Superba. 7.6. A good early deep pink. Flowers large and borne on tall, strong stems.

Felix Crousse. 8.3. A good all-purpose, midseason ruby-red Peony. Free blooming.

Festiva Maxima. 9.3. A high-rating early double white. Some of the petals are flecked crimson.

Mons. Jules Elie. 9.3. Flesh-pink. Early. One of the best pinks for cutting. Flowers fragrant, large. Plant medium tall, with strong stems.

Myrtle Gentry. 9.1. Light pink. Late. The flower is perfect rose form of good substance, rose scented. It fades to almost a pure white. The plant makes good growth and has strong stems.

Venus. Light rose-pink.

Single Peonies

Buttercup. Yellow.

Golden Arrow. Red.

Goldmine. Pink.

Seashell. Pink and yellow.

Plants Demand Regular Care

Once you have purchased and planted your trees and shrubs, watch over them and take care of them. No living thing can be neglected without ill effect on its health.

Given a reasonably good soil to begin with, water is the most important single factor in plant growth. Without it, plants will wither and die. When natural rainfall is insufficient it must be supplemented by artificial watering. When you water plants during a dry spell, soak them well. Let the hose run until you are sure the ground around the roots is saturated. Shallow watering has a tendency to weaken the roots by making them grow toward the surface instead of more deeply into the ground. Deep watering lasts longer, is far healthier for development of root structure. So soak your plants well when they become dry and then repeat the performance only when they again become dry. The worst kind of weather for plants is a hot, dry wind. When the winds are hot and dry, watering around

the roots is necessary often, every day if need be, preferably in the evening. Water even in winter if there is a lack of natural rainfall.

Fertilize plants in early spring. After the shrubs or trees have flowered, it is good to give another application of fertilizer in order to promote healthier buds for the next flowering season.

Flowering plants and vegetables should have an ever-available supply of plant food to keep them growing vigorously.

Any dead or damaged branches on shrubs should be removed.

Old flower stalks, seed pods, broken branches should be removed from your garden flowers.

Flowers and shrubs are easy to grow but like everything that lives they require care.



TUBEROUS BEGONIAS



GLADIOLUS

ISMENE
(PERUVIAN
DAFFODIL)



COBAEA
SCANDENS



ISMENE (Peruvian Daffodil)

Clusters of very fragrant white flowers resembling Amaryllis. Plant about 6 inches deep. Each 35c.; 3 for \$1.00.

COBAEA SCANDENS

Commonly called the Cup and Saucer Vine. A handsome, rapidly growing annual vine with lilac, bell-shaped flowers. Potted plants, each 50c.; by mail 60c.

HEAVENLY BLUE MORNING-GLORY

For a glorious splash of blue

Huge, cheer-giving, light blue flowers in great profusion. 3 plants to a pot. These should not be separated. Each 50c.; by mail 60c.

TUBEROSES

Plant after danger of frost is over. Plants must not suffer for moisture. White sweet-scented flowers on long stems in the fall. Potted plants, each 40c.

GLADIOLUS

LARGE BULBS,

By mail, 2 for 30c.; 6 for 75c.; 12 for \$1.45

At our Nursery, 2 for 25c.; 6 for 60c.; 12 for \$1.10; 25 for \$1.40

American Express. Pure yellow.

Aristocrat. Carmine-red with purple glow.

Autumn Glory. Salmon with white stripe.

Dr. Albert Verwey. Purple-rose, purple blotch.

Gratia. Light blue, deep blue mark, deeper striped.

Maria Goretti. Pure white. Enormous spike of large blooms.

Ruffled Champion. Atlas-rose, lighter shaded, raspberry marks; ruffled.

Sans Souci. Scarlet, yellow stripe.

Uhu. Lobster-red, striped lilac. Smoky variety.

Washington. Pale peach-pink.

Tuberous Begonias

A most valuable plant for showy summer bloom in shady places in the garden, on the north side of the house or in shaded window-boxes. Can also be used as potted plants indoors or on the porch.

Camellia. Large camellia-like blooms, up to 4 inches or more in diameter. Seven beautiful colors available: orange, pink, crimson, salmon, scarlet, white and yellow.

Fimbriata. Frilled petals. Red, copper, pink, yellow.

Cristata. Ruffled and frilled single flowers. Yellow, copper.

Marginata. Single flowers with contrasting border around each petal. Mixed colors.

Multiflora. Very dwarf. An abundance of small double flowers.

Le Flamboyant. Red.

Helen Harms. Yellow.

Mme. R. Galle. Orange.

Hanging Begonia. Pink.

Large tubers, each 35c.; 3 for \$1.00; 6 for \$1.90; 12 for \$3.60, postpaid.

Started plants, in peat pots, each 50c.; 3 for \$1.40.

Plants ready to bloom in 5-inch pots (make a fine gift for your friends), each \$1.10; 3 or more, each \$1.00.

We will have a nice assortment of:

Geraniums:

Bright Red, Dark Red, Salmon, Pink, White

Ivy Leaved Geraniums: Pink, Lavender

White Daisies

Cannas

Dracena (for center of vases)

Vinca Vines for Window Boxes

Coleus, Assorted colors

Packaged Dahlias: Decorative, Cactus, Ball

Lantanas, Assorted colors

Potted Caladiums

Hardy Vines for Summer Charm

CLEMATIS

Climbing Clematis are among the most beautiful of climbing vines. They should have at least six hours of sun per day, and they like a deep rich loamy soil containing a fair supply of well-rotted manure. Very good drainage is essential. If your soil is heavy, it might be well to put some stones or broken rock around the roots to help prevent water from standing around them. A little fertilizer and lime worked into the soil once or twice a season will supply the essential food requirements. When planting, the crown should be set at least 3 inches below the surface. In hot dry weather Clematis should be watered regularly, as they are susceptible to injury from drought. A 2-inch mulch of peat moss or other mulching material spread in a 2-foot circle around the plants will help to keep the roots cool and moist.

Pruning of Clematis may be disregarded for the first year or two except to remove dead wood, but after a good root system is established it is well to cut the plant back to 18 inches above the ground in very early spring before new growth gets started. However, if height of vine is desired, do not prune except to remove dead and excess wood.

When cold weather arrives, give a little winter protection by pulling the soil up around the stems and covering with leaves or straw.

Ascotiensis. 8 to 10 ft. Azure-blue petals, with a circle of creamy stamens. The tapering buds assume many interesting forms when unfolding. Blooming period July to late September. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Comtesse de Bouchaud. 8 to 10 ft. The curved petals of the flowers range in tone from satiny rose to rich pink. The plant is a strong grower and a profuse bloomer. July to Sept. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Crimson Star. Large, rich crimson-red flowers sometimes 6 inches across. June to Sept. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Elsa Spath. Large, bright blue flowers. June to Sept. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Henryi. 8 ft. A hybrid of high quality and rare beauty. The very large, white flowers sometimes measure 8 inches across. June to Sept. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Jackmani. 10 ft. The most popular of all giant-flowering Clematis. Large, velvety violet-purple blooms freely produced. Plant vigorous and a rapid grower. June to Sept. Potted plants, each \$1.75.

Lanuginosa Candida. 12 to 15 ft. Pure white flowers, suitable for cutting. June to Sept. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Lawsoniana. Blue. June to Sept. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Nelly Moser. 10 to 12 ft. Numerous mauve and white flowers with red bars. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

Paniculata. Plant vigorous; foliage thick and heavy. Large panicles of small, fragrant, white flowers for several weeks in the fall. Aug., Sept. Potted plants, each \$1.75.

The President. 10 ft. Reddish plum-violet blossoms. Blooms freely from June to September. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

W. E. Gladstone. A soft shade of wedgwood-blue. June to Sept. Potted plants, each \$2.00.

American Bittersweet. A fast-growing, hardy vine producing brilliant orange-red berries in the fall. The red berries are much prized for winter bouquets. Potted plants, each \$1.50.

Boston Ivy (*Ampelopsis Veitchii*). One of the best coverings for stone, brick or cement walls. Clings closely. Neat foliage which turns red and gold in autumn. Bears blue berries. Potted plants, each \$1.40.

Engelmann Ivy. A high, fast-growing, climbing vine with foliate leaves, which assume beautiful tints in fall. Bluish black berries in autumn. Will cling firmly to brick or stone walls. Potted plants, each \$1.25.

Beta Grape. A fast-growing vine for arbors or fences, etc. Fruit useful for culinary purposes. Potted plants, each \$1.10.

Honeysuckle (*Lonicera Heckrottii*). A free-flowering, everblooming vine. Fragrant, bright flame-red flowers with yellow throat all summer. Potted plants, each \$1.25.

Honeysuckle, Trumpet. Scarlet flowers. Potted plants, each \$1.25.

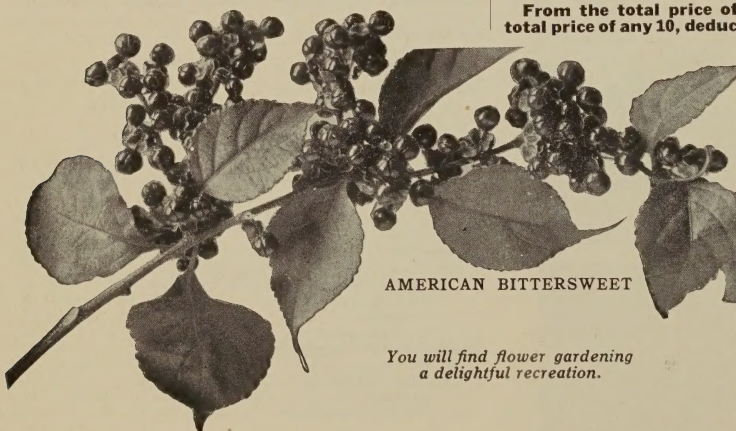
Lathyrus, Hardy Sweet Pea. See under Perennials.

Matrimony-Vine. Shrubs with long, slender, arching branches that are loaded with bright red fruits in autumn. Adapted for covering walls, fences and arbors. Most beautiful when branches are pendent from the top of a wall. Potted plants, each \$1.25.

Wisteria. Long racemes of flowers. No. 1 grafted plants, in three colors: Purple, Pink, White. Sometimes newly transplanted Wisteria remains dormant a long time. Potted plants, each \$3.00.

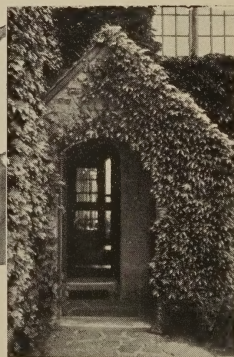
QUANTITY PRICES

From the total price of any 3, deduct 25c.; from total price of any 10, deduct \$1.50.



AMERICAN BITTERSWEET

You will find flower gardening
a delightful recreation.



AMPELOPSIS

Ortho Insecticide and Fungicides
for Roses and the Garden.

Weed Killers
Dog Repellent
Rabbit Repellent
Chlordane Dust
Ant and Roach Bombs
Leaf Polish

Bamboo Stakes
Sprayers to attach to watering hose

All-organic Fertilizer
Combination organic and chemical
fertilizer
All-chemical Fertilizer
Lawn Fertilizers
Liquid Fertilizers
Rose, Bulb and Tomato Food
Bone Meal

Premier Peat Moss
Vermiculite
Corn Cob Mulch
Lime
Grass Seed
5 grades



It is our policy to ship stock exactly as ordered. No substitution without permission, so please let us know if we may send a similar variety in case we are sold out of the one you ordered.

We are sorry, but due to the increasing costs of postage and labor we are obliged to ask you to send an extra 50c if your total order does not amount to \$4.00 or more.

This is planned and arranged with the idea of making it easy for you to look around at your leisure and enjoy making your selection of plants and other items for your garden and yard. If you wish help, we will gladly give it to you.

Nearly all our plants are growing in pots or paks, which makes it easy for you to pick out the plants you want, and you do not need to rush home and plant them immediately because they will keep nicely for several days with very little care.

When you come to our Garden Center in the spring, you will find the largest selection of choice and unusual perennials in this part of the country, waiting to be planted in your garden. Each variety has a description posted by it, as well as the price.

Several varieties of flowering shrubs and trees have been added to our stock of potted shrubbery, small evergreens and woody vines (including 12 varieties of Clematis).

There will be 79 varieties of Potted Roses from which you can select the ones you want for your garden. Many of them will be in bud or bloom about June 1.

While our selection of garden Chrysanthemums

includes only 29 varieties, they are all early bloomers and have done well at our nursery. We believe that the varieties of annuals that must be chosen will meet all your needs.

We have hybrid tomatoes, hybrid cucumbers and hybrid eggplant.

The greater portion of the bulbs, fertilizers, insecticides, seed and items that must be kept dry will be found in our service room.

Geraniums, coleus, vincas and other potted plants will be found in the greenhouse.

From April 20 to June 10 we are open evenings and all day Sunday.

It is easy to get to our nursery. We are located at 2591 Stillwater Road (near the intersection of Highways 212 and 100), just one mile east of St. Paul's eastern limits.

To drive to the nursery from St. Paul's business district, take East Seventh Street to East Minnehaha Avenue, east to McKnight Ave. (formerly East Ave.), paved road to left (Highway 212).

From St. Anthony Park, take Larpenteur Avenue and Wheelock Parkway to Arcade Street, south on Arcade to Maryland, east on Maryland to White Bear Avenue, south on White Bear Avenue to Stillwater Avenue, east to nursery.

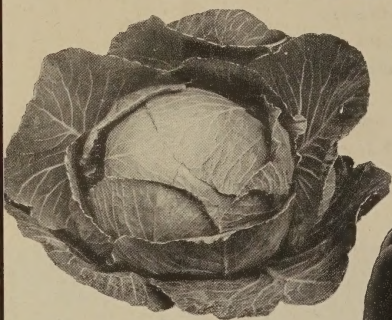
From Minneapolis take the shortest route to St. Paul and then follow same directions as for St. Paul's business district given above. Another favorite route from North Minneapolis and northern parts of Ramsey County is to go east on Highway 36 to Highway 100, turn right and go to Highway 212, turn right 1/4 mile.

From Wisconsin points, cross the St. Croix River at Hudson or Stillwater. If crossed at Hudson, go to Stillwater and from there follow Highway 212 to our nursery, or follow U. S. 12 to Tanners Lake, north on Highway 100 to Highway 212, west 1/4 mile.

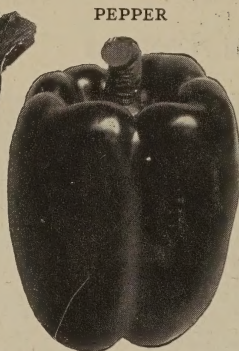
Vegetable Plants for the Home Garden

CHOICE VARIETIES ONCE

TRANSPLANTED



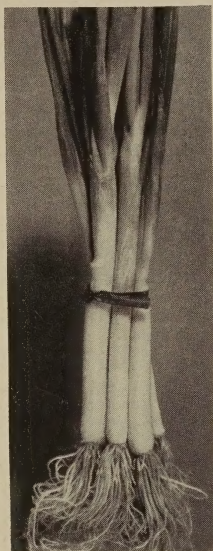
CABBAGE



PEPPER



CUCUMBER



ONION

PARSLEY



ASPARAGUS

A choice early vegetable. Plant roots 6 inches deep.
Martha Washington. 6 roots 50c.

CABBAGE

Early or Late. Doz. 50c.; by mail 60c.
Red. 3 for 15c.; doz. 50c.

CUCUMBER

Burpee Hybrid. High resistance to mosaic and mildew. Vines extremely vigorous, long lived, bearing heavily. Green fruits 8 inches long, 2½ inches in diameter; medium seed cavity. Flesh excellent quality. 3 plants to a pot. Per pot 50c.; by mail 65c.

EGGPLANT

Burpee Hybrid. Early. The plant is tall, tree-like, semi-spreading in habit, vigorous and produces continuously. Fruits are oval, medium size, dark purple, with high gloss. 3 for 25c.; doz. 85c.; by mail 95c.

ONION

We will have a supply of Onion Sets for early planting and also seedlings for transplanting. Ask for prices.

PEPPERS

Doz. 50c.; by mail 60c.

Wisconsin Lakes. Large fruit, sweet.
Red Chili. A hot Pepper for flavoring.
Pimiento.

TOMATOES (Twice Transplanted)

Doz. 60c.; by mail 70c.

Early Variety: Valiant.

Midseason or General-Purpose Varieties:
Stokesdale **Marglobe** **Rutgers**

Hybrid Tomatoes

Early Hybrid. Very early. The bright red fruits are smooth and round, medium to large in size, firm and non-acid. 3 for 25c.; doz. 75c.

Burpee's Hybrid. Midseason. Fruit smooth, globe shaped; thick walls with bright red, meaty flesh. Fine flavor; excellent quality. 2 for 15c.; doz. 75c.; by mail 85c.

Burpee Big Boy. Midseason. Fruit large, smooth, globular; scarlet-red, meaty flesh of fine quality. Plants vigorous. Each 10c.; doz. 85c.; by mail 95c.

Novelty Tomatoes

Golden Jubilee. Large yellow fruit. Non-acid. 6 for 30c., postpaid.

Yellow Plum. Small plum-shaped fruit. 6 for 30c.

Red Cherry. Small, round-fruited scarlet Tomatoes ½ inch across, in large clusters. 3 for 20c.

Husk (Ground Cherry). 6 for 30c., postpaid.

San Marzano. A highly productive Tomato, grown for canning whole, for puree and making Tomato paste. Fruits rectangular, 3½ by 1½ inches, borne in clusters; intense red in color. Meaty and free from juicy pulp; mild flavor. 2 for 15c.; 4 for 25c.

RHUBARB

Canada Red. A new choice, sweet, very red Rhubarb. Highly recommended. Each 75c.

4 Essential Herbs

Chives. Each 30c.

Mint. Each 35c.

Parsley. Each 10c.

Tarragon. Each 60c.

PERKINS BROS.

2591 Stillwater Road, SAINT PAUL 9, MINN.

Telephone: Spring 9-0262

Near intersection of Highways 212 and 100